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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

A dispatch this morning from Pretoria to a London paper says the Boers have accepted the British terms and peace has been arranged. —— Prof. Miller, a music teacher, has been arrested in Detroit for the murder of a young woman whose body was found early yesterday in that city. —— Charters have been granted for farmers' mutual insurance companies at Charlotte and Lexington, N. C. —— In a fight with a sheriff's posse attempting to arrest Jim Wright at Jonesboro, Tenn., for murder, five of the posse were killed and two wounded; Wright was also wounded and captured. —— Yesterday was North Carolina day at the Charleston Exposition; the main feature was the parade of the North Carolina regiment and the Naval Reserves. —— President Roosevelt was greeted by large and enthusiastic crowds of people at various towns in South Carolina on his return trip to Washington. ——The River and Harbor bill, as completed by the Senate committee, shows an increase over the House bill of $9,609,173. —— A conference of Boer leaders is being held to consider the British peace terms. —— Extensive iron works and other buildings at Columbus, Ga., burned; loss estimated at quarter million dollars. —— A monument to the Confederate General Polk was unveiled yesterday on the spot where he was killed. —— The United Textile Workers of America endorse the strike of cotton mill operatives at Augusta, Ga. —— President Roosevelt and party left Summerville, S. C., yesterday afternoon for Washington, D. C., where their train is due to arrive this morning. —— Discussion of the Cuban bill was continued in the House, and debate upon Chinese exclusion occupied the time of the Senate. ——New York markets: Money on call firm at 4@4½ per cent.; cotton quiet at 9¼ cents; flour was held a shade higher and ruled quiet; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 83¼ cents; corn—spot steady, No. 2 67 cents at elevator; rosin steady; spirits turpentine dull and nominal at 46½@47 cents.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU.
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 10

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 53 degrees; 8 P. M., 66 degrees; maximum, 70 degrees; minimum, 46 degrees; mean, 58 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, .73.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. 25 feet and falling.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, April 10 —For North Carolina; Fair Friday and Saturday; light variable winds.

Port Almanac---April 11.

Sun Rises	5 33 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.30 P. M.
Day's Length	12 58 M.
High Water at Southport	10 32 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	12 52 P. M.

Miss Stone had hardly gotten away from those brigands before she was captured by Maj. Pond. He has her under contract for 100 lectures.

The youngest Governor in the United States is William McCroskey, the Governor of Washington, who is 28 years old. He is a Tennesseean.

The negro janitors of the Federal building at Montgomery, Ala., have held a m-ass meeting and endorsed Mr. Crumpacker's scheme. Now Mr. Crumpacker may "proceed with his proceedinces."

There is a family in Galena, Illinois, which breaks the record as stickers. There are four brothers and two sisters, the oldest of whom is 93 years and the youngest 77. They are orphans, their parents having died some time ago.

A Washington dispatch says the Republican leaders in Congress expect to make some political capital in the Fall elections out of the Fowler currency bill. There is politics in everything those fellows do.

With our recent island acquisitions, the area of the United States is now placed at 3,690,822 square miles. Including the population of these islands, we now count about 84,233,000 people, with a variety of colors and a multiplicity of languages.

The grand jury in St. Louis has indicted seven of the aldermen for accepting bribes ranging from $3,000 to $50,000. One of the little fellows has been convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary, and two of the big ones have skipped the town and State.

There are eighty-nine kindergartens connected with the public schools of Chicago. As funds are low it has been proposed to temporarily suspend the kindergartens, but there are a good many people there who prefer to suspend the schools and let the kindergartens run. These people appreciate the convenience of free nurseries.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Southport *Standard*: "Capt. J. W. Harper has sold his handsome residence on Moore street to Capt. O. D. Barriss."

— Dr. Blackwell will lecture at Cronly to-night on "Grace, Grit and Gumption." The proceeds are for the library fund.

— Whiteville wants telephone connection with Wilmington and its business men have begun a movement in this direction.

— Elder Miles Grant had "Christian Science" for his subject at the Second Advent church last night. He was heard by a large crowd.

— The Loyal Temperance Legion will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. building. A full attendance of the children is desired.

— One hundred and sixty tickets were sold for the Charleston train yesterday morning and a correspondingly large number for the afternoon's train.

— The Coast Line's already long side track at Mount Olive has been still further extended to make room for refrigerator cars during the strawberry season.

— The steamer *Driver*, after remaining several days in port, cleared last evening for Fayetteville. The *Highlander* also cleared for Fayetteville last night.

— The proposed golf tournament between representatives of the Cape Fear Golf Club, of this city, and the Charleston Golf Club has been abandoned. The Wilmington members found it impossible to attend.

— Contractor Thad F. Tyler is building a handsome two-story country residence for Mr. Martin Rathjen near Wrightsboro. Mr. Rathjen will have in the new residence one of the most desirable country homes in the county.

— Subscribers who receive bills for subscriptions due the STAR are reminded that it is not fair to expect a publisher to supply them with news for nothing. Many, however, seem to think otherwise. As soon as a bill is received a prompt remittance should be made.

— Southport *Standard*: "Capt. J. W. Harper is having the steamer *Wilmington* thoroughly overhauled this week and put in readiness for the excursion season. The *Blanche* is running the schedule of the *Wilmington* until the end of the week, when the latter will be out again.

— Presiding Elder R. B. John is in Goldsboro attending a meeting of the Board of Missions of the North Carolina Conference, which convened in St. Paul's church yesterday. It was the regular semi-annual meeting of the Board, the purpose of which is to confer in reference to the mission work of the Methodist Church.

— License was issued yesterday for the marriage of the following white couples: Mr. Henry Zollers, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Zollers, and Miss Martha Jane Jackson. Mr. Julian F. Anderson, of Pender county, and Miss Annie Durant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs H. M. Durant, of Wilmington. Mr. Richard H. Shue and Miss Minnie Hicks, daughter of Mr. James Hicks, of this city.

Produce Men Coming.

The advance guard of the small army of produce solicitors, who appear annually with the advent of the season for the toothsome strawberry of this section, reached the city yesterday and trains within the next few days will be taking them out among the growers by the hundreds. Express shipments of berries will probably commence as early as next week, but it will be well on towards May 1st when the refrigerator car shipments begin in dead earnest. Although the late cool spells have given the vines some set-back, the indications are for a large deal and remunerative prices.

Revival in Progress.

A very successful revival has been in progress at Bladen Street M. E church since Sunday and the interest shown is gratifying. The enterprising pastor of the church, Rev. Geo. B. Webster, is being assisted by ministers of the city churches, irrespective of denomination, and the meetings will be continued as long as the interest keeps up. Last night Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, preached a splendid sermon to a good congregation and to-night Rev. Jno. H. Hall, pastor of Fifth Street M. E. church, will conduct the service. The public is cordially invited.

Amateur Baseball Contest.

The Union School baseball team made it the "best two-out of three" in a third game with the High School Juniors yesterday afternoon in a score of 12 to 10. Walker and Hearns were the leather and mit artists for the winning team while Orrell and McIntyre composed the opposing battery.

Dr. Strange Returned.

Rev. Dr. Robert Strange returned last evening to his home in Richmond after a ten days' visit to his old home, where he was cordially welcomed by hundreds of friends. Mrs. Strange will remain in the city for several days with friends.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J W. Plummer, Jr.—Bananas cheap.
McNair & Pearsall-Seasonable goods
Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company—Notice to stockholders.

MAY BE A MISTRIAL.

No Verdict Reached in Williams Damage Suit Against Telephone Company.

JURY WAS OUT ALL NIGHT.

Sternberger-Shrier Controversy Over Real Estate Line in Superior Court Yesterday—Motion for Receiver. Other Proceedings of Day.

The Williams damage suit against the Inter-State Telephone Company in the Superior Court will doubtless result in a mistrial.

The case went to the jury yesterday morning about 11 o'clock after a very clear and comprehensive charge by Judge Timberlake, but up to the hour the STAR goes to press, although nearly 24 hours has elapsed, no verdict had been reached.

From all appearances members of the jury expected to agree upon something early last night but this evidently failed, as about 11 o'clock the lights at the Court House were put out and all in the room were soon soundly sleeping.

When the jury took the issues in the Williams case yesterday morning the court entered upon a trial of the first matter regularly set for the day—Jno. E. Taylor vs. W. H. Howe—which has been on the docket for several years and which involves the title to about $35 worth of personal property. The case was argued by Herbert McClammy, Esq., for the plaintiff and Messrs. Bellamy & Peschau for the defendant. The verdict was in favor of the plaintiff for the amount named and an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court. The following jury determined upon the amount: H. O. Craig, J. B Casteen, W. T. Mercer, J. T. Canady, A. J. Howell, Levi McMillan, J. F. Fales, H. J. Bierman, M. S. Willard, E. A. Chadwick, B. S. Montford and W. W. Holladay.

The remainder of the morning session was taken up in the hearing by Judge Timberlake of a motion for receiver in the case of R. W. Hicks against Maj. Jno. D Kerr, of Clinton, the matter having been brought down from Sampson Superior Court.

The case is an old one and has been on the docket of the courts since October, 1891. Stevens, Beasley & Weeks, E. K. Bryan, Esq., and Faison & Grady represented Mr. Hicks, while the interest of Maj Kerr was looked after by himself and J. L. Stewart, Esq., of Clinton.

The case of the City of Wilmington against John D. Bellamy, set for yesterday, was continued until next term to supply papers.

In the afternoon the case of I. J. Sternberger vs. I. Shrier, et al., was taken up and argument had commenced to the jury, when court took a recess at 6:30 o'clock until 9:30 A. M. to-day. The controversy between the parties to the Sternberger-Shrier suit is regarding the dividing line between two valuable tracts of real estate on the west side of Front street, near the Elks' Temple. Both parties have handsome stores on their respective lots and Mr. Sternberger claims that Mr. Shrier's store is about three-quarters of an inch over his line and vice versa.

The plaintiff demands judgment against the defendants: (1) For the possession of the lands and premises described; (2) for $1,000 damages for wrongfully and unlawfully withholding the same from the plaintiff; (3) for the costs of the action, and (4) for such other relief as in the opinion of the court is regarded proper

There is an able array of counsel on both sides, and in any event the case will go to the Supreme Court. Messrs. Bellamy & Bellamy and A. J. Marshall, Esq., appear for the plaintiff, and Mr. Shrier's interests are looked after by Messrs. Bellamy & Peschau, Junius Davis and Herbert McClammy, Esqs. The evidence is being taken down in shorthand.

At the beginning of the trial, a motion was made by Marsden Bellamy, Esq, to strike out that part of the answer which sets up a counter claim of $1,000 in favor of Mr. Shrier and the motion was sustained. There was a sharp legal controversy several times over the competency of certain testimony. In one instance there was objection by Mr. Davis to the admission of any evidence of bulging out or lapping over of the wall above the ground, upon the plaintiff's property, upon the ground that the action brought is one of ejectment and that is not the proper remedy for such an injury or trespass, if made. The objection was overruled and an exception noted.

The witnesses for the plaintiff were Capt. Jos. H. McRee, Mr. J. Dixon Kelly, L. R. King, a brick mason, and Marsden Bellamy, Esq., one of counsel for plaintiff. Capt. McRee was several times recalled and various maps and drawings were exhibited. The witnesses for the defendant were Mr. I. Shrier, W. H. Wilkins, a colored brick mason, and Capt. Walter G. MacRae, civil engineer.

Upon the conclusion of the testimony, argument to the jury was begun by Herbert McClammy, Esq., for defendant, and A. J. Marshall, Esq., for the plaintiff. The remainder of the attorneys will be heard to-day and the issues will not likely reach the jury until noon.

The case of Jno. W. Atkinson vs. Wm. Sheehan, constable, was not reached yesterday and, therefore, goes over to next term. The cases set for to-day are Owen Martindale vs. Jos. Albro, et al.; Emeline Mask vs City of Wilmington; J B & J. C King vs. Michael Griffin, and City of Wilmington vs. Iredell Meares, et al.

The jury which is hearing the Sternberger-Shrier case is composed of D. L. Gore, H. O Craig, J. B. Casteen, J. T. Canady, A. J. Howell, Levi McMillan, J. F. Fales, B. W. Hicks, E. A. Chadwick, W. W. Holladay, C. H. Ward and J. H. Buark.

The following talesmen were ordered summoned for to-day: J. H. Swinson, W. H. Dock, D. M. Beardsley, Richard A. Burnett, E. D. George, B. H. J. Ahrens, Fred T. Skipper, Jno. A. Farrow, Bertram Quelch, E. R. McGowan, Ike Loftin and James E. Ennett.

HEPTOSOPHS WILL CELEBRATE.

Fiftieth Anniversary Will Be Marked by Social Session Tuesday.

The fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the order of Heptasophs, or S. W. M., will be celebrated by Oriental and Jewell Conclaves, of this city, in an elaborate manner next Tuesday evening. Dr. J. D. Webster will be master of ceremonies, and the following programme will be observed:

Prayer by Prelate K. W. Jewell, National Representative.
Music.
Welcome Address by Mr. A. J. Hewlett, Worthy Chancellor.
Music.
Oration by Mr. A. H Morris, Deputy State Archer.
Music.
Song by Mr. George Hewlett.
Music.
Song by Mr. K. W. Jewell.
Refreshments.

The committees are as follows:
Oriental No. 1.—Walter E. Yopp, A. J. Hewlett, Dr. J. D. Webster.
Jewell No. 3.—A. C. Skipper, D. T. McCullough, Chas. W. Hewlett.

RAILROAD MILEAGE AGREEMENT.

Interchangeable Books on Lines of Travel in Southeastern Territory.

The following lines in the Southeastern Territory will issue interchangeable mileage, the arrangement to go into effect as soon as the roads can secure supplies from the printers, which will probably be not later than May 1st:

Atlantic, Knoxville and Northern; Atlantic Coast Line; Charleston and West Carolina, Columbia, Newberry and Laurens; Louisville and Nashville; Northwestern of South Carolina; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac; Washington Southern; Western and Atlantic; Atlanta and West Point; Baltimore Steam Packet Company; Chesapeake Steamship Company; Georgia railroad; Nashville, Chattanooga, and St. Louis; Plant System; Seaboard Air-Line; Western railway of Alabama.

The Relief Department.

Employes of the Plant system who have their lives insured in the Plant system insurance and relief department have been asking themselves what is to become of their policies when the change of ownership takes place July 1st, says the Savannah *Press*. The policies will probably be allowed to continue if the Atlantic Coast Line takes the system over, as the Atlantic Coast Line has a relief department also. It is not known if the rules of the Plant system and Atlantic Coast Line relief departments are the same, but the policies now in vogue in the Plant system could probably be exchanged for those of the Atlantic Coast Line.

Forty-one Years Ago.

Mr. P. H. Sears, of the Angola Lumber Company, made an interesting discovery of a curiosity while looking over the contents of an old building near the mill yesterday. Upon a pane in an old window sash on the premises, he accidentally found cut into the surface of the glass, evidently by means of a sharp instrument, the names: "Eliza MacRee," "G. J. MacRee" and "Annie Young," followed by the date "April 10th, 1861," forty-one years ago to the day on the day the inscriptions were found.

The Sanford Robbery.

The STAR is glad to correct an error made in these columns a few days ago regarding an attempt to rob the bank at Sanford, N. C. Our informant was in error as to the bank, the building upon which the attempt was made having been a private one some distance away. President Edwards says the Sanford bank is well protected, having a burglar proof vault, and amply covered by burglar insurance. Besides three watchmen are on duty every night within 100 yards of the building.

After Thirty-three Years.

Messrs. John Nichols, William Simpson, A. S. Heide and R. H Bradley all met in Baltimore in 1869, thirty-three years ago, and had a group photograph taken. Two weeks ago these same four, after the lapse of a third of a century, sat again for a group picture in Raleigh at Watson's Studio and yesterday Mr. Heide received his copy of the same. A comparison of the two pictures is interesting.

Strawberry Outlook.

Sampson *Democrat*: "Because of the backward Spring strawberries will be somewhat later than usual this season. It will probably be during the first week in May when shipping will begin. The weather has been so severe that the growth of the plants has been very much retarded, and it is not probable that the plants will be as large as usual, and therefore the yield will hardly be as heavy. During the few days of favorable weather that we have had, the berries have improved greatly, and we look for them to be finer in quality than usual."

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE.

Revision of the Baseball Dates as Sent Out from Raleigh Saturday Night.

THE NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

It Does Not Disturb Wilmington's Nine Games for the Opening—Constitution and By-laws Adopted—Other Notes of the League.

It appears now that the schedule of games for the State Baseball League, as sent out from Raleigh Saturday night, is not the official one and another has been sent out to all local managers, giving the correct dates.

The new schedule entirely pleases all the promoters. It gives each club in the league sixty games on the home grounds and sixty games away from home, except in the single instance of Raleigh, which town is given one extra game on the 4th of July on its home grounds with Durham. Charlotte will be at home six successive days during the week of the 30th of May celebration.

Manager Edgar Bear, of the Wilmington team, yesterday received copies of the constitution and by-laws for the League. The constitution is similar in purport to all baseball ball league governments. It provides for an official scorer for each club though not designating the remuneration of the scorer, leaving that matter to the clubs. The constitution also provides that the umpires shall be paid $7 for each schedule game with no extras for double-headers except when morning and afternoon games shall be played, when the umpire is to receive $5 for each game. The league umpires have not been selected as yet. Bill McGee, an old National league player, will probably be one of the umpiring staff. He has been recommended by Manager Ashenback and he is a good one.

The later schedule sent out from Raleigh contains few changes that effect Wilmington so far as the opening of the season is concerned, Raleigh comes on May 5, 6 and 7; Greensboro on May 8, 9 and 10 and Charlotte on May 12, 13 and 14. Then the home team goes to Durham and Charlotte for three games each. The next week Durham comes here for three games; Wilmington goes to Newbern for three and Newbern returns here for three.

BEAUTIFUL CHURCH WEDDING

Miss Short, of Washington, N. C., Became the Bride of Mr. Samuel Jennings Springer, of Wilmington.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Springer and Mr. Horace D. Springer returned yesterday from Washington, N. C., where on Wednesday night at 9 o'clock they attended the marriage of Mr. Samuel J. Springer, of Wilmington, and Miss Bessie Stone Short, a popular young society lady of Washington.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. N. H. Summerell in the First Presbyterian church, which was beautifully and elaborately decorated with palms, Easter lilies and callas, and brilliantly lighted for the occasion. The church was well filled with friends of the popular young people to witness the marriage vow, and the marches were skilfully rendered by Miss Charlotte Brown.

Little Miss Cammie Rodman and Master Sam Short were ribbon openers and the pages were little Miss Annie Lee Callas and Master Murray Short. The ushers were Dr. E. M. Brown, Dr. J. C. Rodman and Messrs. S. C. Bragaw and R. A. G. Burnes.

Miss Addie Lee Short, sister of the bride, was maid of honor and Mr. Horace D. Springer, brother of the groom, was his best man. The other attendants were Miss Rosa Short, first bridesmaid, with Mr. James T. Munds, of Wilmington; Miss Cammie Short, with Mr. B. B. Jackson, of Wilmington; Miss Helen Primrose, of Raleigh, with Mr. Thomas H. Clark; Miss Mattie Laughinghouse, with Mr. F. H Jordan; Miss Annie Carrow, with Mr. C. S. Morton, and Miss Helen Moore with Mr. Harry Howell.

After the ceremony, the bridal party proceeded to the residence of the bride's mother, where an elegant reception was held. The residence was exquisitely decorated with lilies and carnations, and the presents were unusually numerous and handsome.

Mr. and Mrs. Springer left yesterday morning for a bridal tour to the North as far as Canada.

Married Last Evening.

At the residence of the groom's brother, Mr. J. L. Anderson, 416 North Fifth street, Miss Annie Durant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Durant, of this city, were happily married last evening at 7 o'clock to Mr. Jude F. Anderson, of Berta, Pender county, N. C., Dr. C. S. Blackwell, of Wilmington, officiating. The attendants upon the ceremony were Mr. J. A. Dew with Miss Lottie Mason; Mr. John Marshall with Miss Hattie Howlett; Mr. W. B. Herring with Miss Fannie Minis; Mr. John Herring with Miss Minnie King; Mr Hurbert Herring with Miss Fannie Sanders. The bride and groom will leave at 6 A. M. to-day for the Charleston Exposition to spend their honeymoon, returning on Saturday to Berta, N. C., their future home.

— Mr. A. J. Flanner, of Clinton, came down last evening.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

— Mr. W. B. Allen, of Newbern, is here.

— Mr. M. McKinnon, of Red Springs, arrived last evening.

— Mr. B. H. Marshall left yesterday afternoon for the Exposition.

— Mr. E. T. Hancock left yesterday morning for Charleston to take in the Exposition.

— Mr. R. Y. McPherson, the popular insurance man, of Raleigh, arrived yesterday.

— Dr. Goodman, of El Paso, Brunswick county, was "on this side" on business yesterday.

— Mrs. H. B. Short and daughter, of Lake Waccamaw, arrived yesterday on a shopping tour.

— Mr. E. J. Hester and wife, of Newbern, passed through the city yesterday, going to the Exposition.

— Mrs. Mary Kelly and Mrs. Margaret Sefton were among those who went down to the Exposition yesterday.

— Col. A. H. Slocomb, of Fayetteville, spent yesterday in the city, having arrived in the morning on the seamer *Highlander*.

— Mr. H. E. Faison, a leading lawyer of Clinton, was a STAR visitor yesterday. He revived some pleasant memories of bird hunting in Sampson with the horse editor some years ago.

— Lieutenants H. M. Chase and N. N. Davis, of the Wilmington Division, Naval Reserves, left yesterday for Charleston to join the North Carolina Naval Brigade on the U. S. S. *Hornet*.

— Miss Riston Banck left yesterday morning for Raleigh, and will act as brides-maid for Miss Carrie L. Hilker, who will be married to Mr. Robt. Lewis, of Goldsboro, on Wednesday next, 16th inst.

— Herbert McClammy, Esq., left yesterday evening for Newbern on professional business. He barely had time to catch the train, after concluding an able speech in the Sternberger Shrier suit in the Superior Court here.

— Messrs. Harry Clowe and E. Stacy DeVaney came in yesterday from Charleston. Mr. DeVaney, who was the chief non-commissioned officer on the *Hornet*, says the reports are greatly exaggerated as to the experiences told by many, although he confesses that the passage was an exceedingly rough one.

NOT CAPTAIN MORSE'S FAULT.

What Major Skinner Says About the Hornet and Its Delay.

[*Charleston News and Courier.*]

In yesterday's issue of the *News and Courier* the delay in the arrival of the *Hornet*, carrying the North Carolina Naval Reserves, was attributed to the inefficiency of the pilot, Mr. Thomas Morse. Since that time the information has been received through Major Skinner, of the Naval Reserves of North Carolina, that the delay was not due to incompetency on the part of Mr. Morse. Major Skinner said: "Mr. Morse is a thoroughly competent coast pilot and it was no fault of his that the *Hornet* did not arrive in the harbor on scheduled time. When the Charleston light ship was reached Mr. Morse wisely called a consultation of the officers and told them that the responsibility of piloting the *Hornet* into Charleston harbor at night, when he could not keep steerageway, was too great and asked them what to do. After deliberating the officers decided to anchor outside the bar and wait for daylight, and hence the delay attendant upon the *Hornet's* arrival." The flues and the siphon and pumps were all out of order, and men were kept bailing water from the hold in buckets for five hours previous to the *Hornet's* arrival in the harbor.

THE N. C. BASEBALL SCHEDULE.

An Official One Will Doubtless Settle All Complaint of Kickers.

[*News and Observer, 10th.*]

King Kelley, after stirring up baseball here by a vigorous kick because of the baseball schedule as it concerns Greensboro, left yesterday for Greensboro. He is just back from the North and has signed a bunch of players whom he considers "good 'uns."

Kelley's grievances, coupled with those of Charlotte, have been called to the attention of the Schedule Committee, which says the schedule issued is not a complete one, and that when it is finished and officially sent out that each club will find that it is taken care of. Regarding one complaint of King Kelley that his club was away from home nine days, the committee say that as the club is scheduled for Wilmington and Newbern, it will save money to it in mileage to play either in Raleigh or Durham before going back to Greensboro.

The committee is trying to get a schedule to suit every club and will do its best to succeed. President Busbee will issue an official schedule to the clubs in the next few days.

NORTH CAROLINA ODD FELLOWS.

Grand Secretary Woodell's Annual Report. Rocky Mount Corporation.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 10.—A charter was granted this morning for the Rocky Mount Brick Company, the authorized capital being $30,000. The incorporators are J. C. Braswell, Geo. L. Mewborne, W. S. Wilkinson, D. J. Rose, Rocky Mount, and Silas Lucas, of Wilson.

B. H. Woodell, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, has prepared his annual report for the next session of the Grand Lodge at Greensboro, May 13. It shows that there are 7,781 Odd Fellows in the State, a gain of 943 over last year. The relief extended by the subordinate lodges during the year amounted to $15,146 16 $2,193 more than last year. Of this amount $2,113.00 was for the sufferers in the Jacksonville fire and Bakersville flood.

FARMERS' MUTUAL.

Charter Granted to Insurance Companies in Charlotte and Lexington, N. C.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 10.—The Secretary of State granted charters to-day to the Mecklenburg Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Charlotte, and the Davidson County Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Lexington. Both have $25,000 insurance subscribed.

GRAND LODGE MASONS.

Propositions for the Proposed Temple Submitted to the Special Committee.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 10.—The special committee from the Grand Lodge of Masons met here to-night and heard propositions for location of the proposed Temple, from Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and Charlotte. No action was taken nor was the text of the propositions given out. The committee will report to the Grand Lodge on June 24th next, at Oxford, when steps will be taken to select the location.

DIED.

PITTS—At St. Augustine, Fla., on March 29, in the 59th year, Mrs. F. L. Pitts, widow of Rev. Thos. D. Pitts, sometime rector of St. John's Church, this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BANANAS,
Bananas.
A CAR LOAD
Will be sold cheap, Let me have your order.
15 and 20c per doz.
J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
Bell 'Phone 680. ap 11 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE Railroad Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a general meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company, and will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Richmond, Virginia, at eleven o'clock A. M., on Monday, the 12th day of May, A. D. 1902.

The object of the stockholders' meeting, as stated in the said resolution, is to have the stockholders consider and act upon the consolidation and merger of the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama, and of all of its capital stock, properties and franchises, with the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, and its capital stock, properties and franchises; and to consider and act upon the agreement for such consolidation and merger entered into by the directors of said two companies, which is to be submitted to such meeting, and further to consider and act upon such other matters as may be presented at the meeting in connection with such consolidation and merger.

Dated April 10th, 1902.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.
By JAMES F. POST, Secretary.
ap 11 till my 12

MOLASSES,
One car load at very low prices.
MATCHES,
One car load lower than the lowest.
SOAP,
One car load at old prices.
CORN,
In even two bushel bags, new bags.
OATS,
In even five bushel bags.
RENOWN,
Renown Cigars.
MATCH IT,
Match It Cheroots.

They are the best grade of Cigars and Cheroots made in the world. Our guarantee stands behind each and every one. Try them.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
Provisioners.
mar 30 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.
MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.
A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.
Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.
McNAIR & PEARSALL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Early Rose Seed Potatoes
Seed Oats,
Seed Wheat,
Salt, Molasses,
Bagging and Ties.
Lime, Cement, Nails.
Grain and Hay.
A general line of Groceries of best quality and fair prices.
The Worth Company.
Jan 19 tf

COFFEE.
Several grades which we offer to the trade at prices to suit the times. We also carry
Flour, Sugar, Cakes,
Candy, Cheese, Canned Goods of all kinds.
Snuff, Starch, Tobacco, Salt, Shot, Nails, Tea, Meal and Mullets.
Give us a call and see what we can do.
Williams Bros.
mar 8 tf

ICE CREAM SANDWICHES.
A new and delicious Ice Cream served at our Fountain only.
E. WARREN & SON.
ap 8 tf

Join in the Rush!
BUY YOUR
Easter Shoes,
(ALL KINDS) OF US, AND SAVE MONEY.
Get a Present too.
Mercer & Evans Co.,
Same old place. mar 23 tf

IF YOU NEED
A Dining Table Call and See Ours.
They are nice and the price is right. Special price this week on Go-Carts. We guarantee to sell as cheap (quality considered) as any house in the city. Get our prices before you buy. Mail orders solicited.
GASTON D. PHARES,
Inter-State 'Phone 78. 110-112 Market street. ap 4 tf

FOR SALE OR RENT
A desirable new Cottage, never been occupied; furnished or unfurnished, at the northern end of Ocean View Beach. Price reasonable.
For further information apply to
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
Wilmington, N. C.,
16 Market street. mar 1 tf

Important.
Some Prices at the "Unlucky Corner."
Granulated Sugar 5c lb.
Extra C Sugar 4½c lb.
Springfield Hams 15c lb.
S. C. Hams 12½c lb.
Lion Parched Coffee 10c lb.
Big Florida Celery 5c stalk.
Bananas 15c dozen.
S. W. SANDERS.
mar 30 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 11.

SOUTHERN MILLS AND CHINA.

One of the reasons urged why the Chinese exclusion bill should not pass is that it would seriously affect, if it did not totally destroy, our trade with China, and the Southern cotton mills would be the greatest losers in that event. This view seems to be taken of it by the owners of some Southern cotton mills, for which reason they are urging the defeat of that measure. Senator Simmons was appealed to on this ground to vote against the bill now pending in the Senate, but he supports it, stating that he does not agree with those who take that view.

It is quite natural that there should be some apprehensions on this point, but they are groundless apprehensions, and no more likely to be realized than were the predictions made twenty years ago that the passage of the Geary act would ruin our trade with China. Notwithstanding these predictions as to the result of the exclusion of the Chinese then, instead of diminishing our trade has steadily increased. The Chinese buy more goods from us and we buy more goods from them. While we buy goods from them they will buy goods from us whether we open our ports to the surplus population of China or not, and while we sell them the kind of goods they want for less money than our competitors do they will buy our goods without giving a thought to whether our ports are open to or closed against their people. The Chinese may be sentimental in some things but there is no sentiment in them when it comes to trade. In that they are all business and on the make like other thrifty traders.

There is not a town or city in the United States where the racial line is not drawn against the Chinese, even more tightly drawn than against the negro, but that doesn't keep them out of our towns and cities wherever they can find occupation or an opening in business for which they are adapted, and the racial discrimination or prejudice does not prevent those who can from coming nor does it prevent the slipping in of many to whom our exclusion laws would apply and keep out if they came in the regular way as immigrants.

The Chinese sell us more than we sell them, and they are not going to bite their noses off to spite us because we will not open our ports to their paupers for the especial benefit of Chinese emigration companies, which own ships and make money by carrying emigrants to other countries. The Chinese Government would doubtless like to have some country to which its surplus and dependent population might turn, because that would proportionately better the condition of and the opportunities to earn a livelihood by those who remained, and for that reason it is opposed to legislation the object of which is to close our ports against emigrants from that country, while high-toned Chinamen like Wu Ting-fang may regard it as a degrading reflection upon their race to exclude them en masse, while only certain classes of emigrants from other countries are excluded, these for good and sufficient reasons, with which race or nationality has nothing to do.

But they forget that their own people, and not simply the lower but also the higher classes, are quite as much or more opposed to white people settling or even temporarily sojourning in their country than Americans are to the settling or temporary sojourning of hordes of Chinese in this country, and they have not a tithe of the cause to feel alarmed at an influx of white people as we have of an influx of yellow people if the way were opened by the removal of the restrictions upon Chinese immigration.

But even if it were admitted that the cotton mills of the South, which ship goods to China, might suffer some as the result of Chinese exclusion, they would not be much the losers by that, and perhaps they might be the gainers in the end, if the impairment of this trade stimulated effort to build up trade in other directions. There is not much profit in the classes of goods that go to China, most of which are coarse and cheap goods that bring little money and very little profit after the expenses of handling, transportation and commissions are deducted.

The manufacturer who looks beyond the present into the future may perhaps realize that he will be confronted in the near future by a competition that will prove more formidable than any Chinese exclusion act would. With American supremacy established in the Philippines cotton mills will be established there with American and European capital with an especial view to the Asiatic trade.

Manila is about three hundred miles from Hong Kong. The cotton manufacturer in the Philippines would have this advantage in transportation over the Southern manufacturer, who would have to ship his goods half way around the earth to reach the Chinese markets.

Japan is already a large cotton manufacturer and will be a much larger one. The combinations of European Powers against the Chinese (which will eventually include the Japanese,) are having a tendency to draw those two yellow races together for mutual interest and to meet a common danger. With friendly relations existing between the Chinese and the Japanese, the Japanese would have the inside track and the preference in trade when other things were equal. From Japan to China the distance across the water is short and the Japanese manufacturers would have that advantage over the Northern or Southern manufacturers, who would have to ship half way around the earth

And there is still another prospective competitor who will not only ship cotton goods into China but will raise the cotton from which the goods are made. This competitor will have no sea or ocean to cross, but will ship the goods by rail and lay them down in Chinese markets for a much less figure than any American manufacturer can. The Russian with his cheap labor, and with his cotton fields in Southern Siberia is coming to the front as a competitor for the Chinese cotton goods trade, and a very formidable competitor he will prove to be.

With these prospects ahead, it behooves the prudent Southern cotton manufacturer not to bank much on China but to look in other directions to build up a trade to offset what we may lose in that country, Chinese exclusion or no Chinese exclusion.

THE LIFE SAVERS.

Since "Sun Set" Cox died, the life saving service on our coasts has had no particular friend or spokesman in Congress. It is a neglected, unappreciated and practically ignored service and yet there is no body of men in the service of the Government entitled to more kindly recognition and liberal treatment. Occasionally the papers note their heroic, self-sacrificing work, espouse their cause, say a kind word and protest against the neglect from which these men suffer. A short while ago seven of them lost their lives battling with the tempest in the effort to save the lives of the crew of a wrecked ship, which has evoked from the Washington *Times* the following vigorous protest against the unfair treatment and glowing tribute to the devotion and heroism of the lifesavers.

"Once again the world has had a magnificent example of the heroism of the men whom this Government employs at pitifully small wages to save the lives of their fellow-creatures in distress. The other day seven of them were swept to death while engaged in the attempt to rescue the crew of a stranded vessel. They knew when they launched their lifeboat that death was lurking in the boiling waves, but they never flinched from the task. They knew their duty, and they did it. Heroes can do no more.

"The life-saving crews on the sea and lake coasts are under pay only during a certain portion of the year. During the Winter they are 'laid off.' If they perish while battling with the elements their families cannot look forward to a pension from the Government. If they are maimed for life and incapacitated for earning a subsistence for themselves, or those dependent upon them, no invalid pension awaits them.

"There is a cruel wrong in all this. The soldier in his country's service knows that in either of these eventualities provision is made by law for him or his. Why not for the life-savers by sea and lake? Why are not they paid all the year round like the men of the army and navy? Their work is more arduous, more perilous. They are called upon to face death more often. When they go into battle they are not cheered and stimulated by the sound of martial music. The howling of the storm, the roar of the sea, play the march for them. They are the underpaid heroes of the Government. Why?"

There is truth in this without a scintilla of exaggeration, and while Congress is voting millions for pensions and other jobs it would do well to give a thought to these men who in the silent watches of the night patrol the dreary storm-beaten shore ready to risk their lives to save the lives of others, for which they receive no honors and but a small pittance in the way of compensation. If their votes were as potent as the votes of pensioners are they would receive more liberal treatment.

Social rules in China and in Japan prohibit women from riding bicycles, which, on the authority of the late Li-(e) Hung Chang, the Chinese invented about 2,000 years ago. But the women were then so taken with it and devoted so much of their time to scorching that they neglected their domestic duties and bicycle was taken from them, buried and never resurrected until some modern projecters concocted it and put it to use.

Six Princeton, N. J., students had a jolly time celebrating Washington's birthday. One of the features of the celebration was painting the Trenton Battle Monument and several private residences. But they did not enjoy it so much nor did their parents when the parents had to ante up $7,800 to pay fines and costs and damages to property.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.†

MR. POPE, THE "FAT FRYER."

Mr. D. K. Pope, of Charlotte, who for some time has been engaged in making collections from Federal office holders and others, was interviewed on his return to Charlotte by a reporter of the *Observer* and told about his connection with that business and the incident of his arrest at Roanoke, Va., at the instigation of Postmaster Lewis, of Madison, N. C., or others. That is of no special interest now, but he threatens to make it interesting to parties whose names he, for the present, withholds, whom he proposes to sue for damages, on the ground that they maliciously conspired to have him arrested after he had returned those two notes of the Madison P. M., who followed him up and demanded their return, and emphasized the demand with a gun.

In this interview he asserts that he was employed by the Treasurer of the State Republican Committee to make these collections, that he is paid a salary and traveling expenses, that the "contributions" asked are "voluntary," that there is no violation of the civil service laws, and that Senator Pritchard had nothing to do with the business.

It is somewhat remarkable that the Secretary of the State Committee should take it upon himself, without any authority from the committee, to employ Mr. Pope or any one else to travel around the State seeking contributions from Federal office holders and others, and agreeing to pay him a salary and traveling expenses while so engaged. Who paid the salary and expenses, the Treasurer? or did these come out of the money collected from the assessed? The sum must be pretty considerable if they are all assessed in proportion to the 80 dollars fixed for a little postoffice like Madison.

They are voluntary, of course, in the sense that the office holder isn't collared and commanded to shell out, but he knows if he declines to do so that a note will be made of it, that he will be blacklisted and hear from his delinquency later. This voluntary business, when a paid agent calls around to do the collecting, is the thinnest kind of a fraud and doesn't fool any one with sense enough to go around without a guardian.

In pursuance of a resolution by the city council about a month ago Mayor Harrison has invited Oom Paul to visit Chicago and has tendered him the "freedom of the city." Oom Paul would doubtless prefer the freedom of the Transvaal. As he is pretty comfortably located in Holland he will hardly at his age cross the ocean to accept the freedom of the Windy City.

CURRENT COMMENT

— That story about Senator Hawley having been offered a tip for showing some ladies about the Capitol has been served in almost every conceivable form. Is it not about time for the Senator to offer $100 for a shot at the man that started it?—*Washington Post, Ind.*

— Having put a prohibitive tax upon oleomargarine which looks like butter, even though plainly labeled oleomargarine, perhaps Congress will next proceed to put a prohibitive tax upon artificial ice which does not taste strongly of ammonia. —*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

— Some of the subsidy mongers are busily endeavoring to explain the votes of the six Republican Senators against the Frye bill. The votes sufficiently explained themselves. It appears that these votes gave the subsidy Republicans in the Senate great surprise. Still greater surprise awaits them in the House. —*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— Now that the oleomargarine tax has been put as high as the dairy trust wanted it, what industry will be the next to be beaten down by the taxing power of the government to swell the profits of another industry that had a pull on congress? To the honor of the south be it said that she kept herself clean of this prostitution of federal taxation. —*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Wilmington District—Second Round.

Waccamaw, Bethesda, April 16
Shallotte, Andrews' Chapel, April 17
Carver's Creek, Grant's Chapel, April 19 20
Bladen Circuit, Center, April 26-27
Elizabeth, Union, May 3-4
Magnolia, Rose Hill, May 10-11
Clinton, Kendall, May 17-28
Jacksonville, May 24-25
Fifth Street, May 25
Kenansville, Warsaw, May 31
Onslow, June 7-8
District Conference at Fair Bluff, April 1-3.

R. B. JOHN, P. E.

A Raging, Roaring Flood

Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "Standing waist deep in icy water," he writes, "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had Consumption and could not live. Then I began using Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles by B. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Price 50 cents.

For over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

"Crying for the Moon"

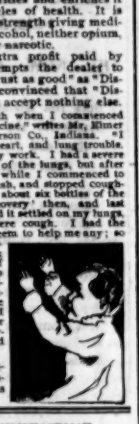
Has become a proverbial phrase to express the futility of mere desire. There are a great many people who think it is as useless to hope for health as to cry for the moon. They have tried many medicines and many doctors, but all in vain.

A great many hopeless men and women have been cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery; people with obstinate coughs, bleeding lungs, night-sweats and other symptoms of disease which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption.

"Golden Medical Discovery" has a wonderful healing power. It increases the nutrition of the body, and so gives strength to throw off disease. It cleanses the blood from poisonous impurities and enriches it with the red corpuscles of health. It is not a stimulant, but a strength giving medicine. It contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor any other narcotic.

Sometimes the extra profit paid by inferior medicines tempts the dealer to offer a substitute as "just as good" as "Discovery." If you are convinced that "Discovery" will cure you accept nothing else.

"I was in poor health when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicine," writes Mr. Elmer Lawler, of Volga, Jefferson Co., Indiana. "I had stomach, kidney, heart, and lung trouble. Was not able to do any work. I had a severe cough and hemorrhage of the lungs, but after using your medicine a while I commenced to gain in strength and flesh, and stopped coughing right away. Took about six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' then, and last spring I had Grippe, and it settled on my lungs, leaving me with a severe cough. I had the doctor, but he didn't seem to help me any; so I commenced your medicine again and took three or four bottles of the 'Discovery' and two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets, and that straightened me up. I feel like a different person. I gladly recommend your medicine to all sufferers, for I know it cured me."



Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation by curing its cause.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Washington *Gazette*: Mr. M. F. Williamson, ex register of deeds, now of Smallwood 5,820 dozen eggs from April 15th, 1900, to April 15th, 1901. This is one of the small items of business carried on at Smallwood. Messrs Lee & Prescott did about the same amount of trade.

— Raleigh *Post*: Corporation Commissioner S. L. Rogers returned to the city Tuesday after a few days' stay at his home at Franklin. He brought the news of the finding of a young white man by the name of Cabe dead Sunday morning near Highlands, Macon county. He had both hands in his pockets and there was a bullet hole in the back of his head. Mr Rogers said a 15 year old boy by the name of Palls had been arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the murder and lodged in the jail at Franklin.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: An ostrich farm is to be established near Asheville, and the work on the enclosure is to begin in a few days. The farm will be owned by Mr. A. Y. Person. The birds will be shipped from Mr. Person's ostrich farm in Felix, Arizona. —— Sheriff W. H. Joyner, of Northampton county, on Tuesday brought to the penitentiary two negroes, Tom Thomas and Will Sellers, to serve terms of two and ten years, respectively. The long term man is the incendiary who burned one of Gen. Matt Ransom's barns, and the other was convicted of breaking into a mill.

— Winston *Journal*: Jno. Adams, a well known and popular young planter of Richmond Hill, Yadkin county, was found dead in an old field on the land of Thomas Davis near Mt. Nebo, on last Monday afternoon. Adams went out Sunday morning to feed the stock on his father's farm, and as he did not return to his breakfast his parents went out to look for him, but they failed to find him. The search was continued by neighbors until Monday afternoon, when his body was found hanging to a tree in a desolate field. Many people believe that he met his death at the hands of some unknown foe, while others are of the opinion that he committed suicide.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Deputy Sheriff Monaghan and Constable Benton went out to Quewhiffle township Tuesday afternoon for the purpose of arresting five negro desperadoes, all named Blue. For a week past these negroes have been committing burglaries, stealing and selling whiskey in that section, which they have succeeded in terrorizing. —— There was a daring attempt to rob Mr. Edwar s's bank at Sanford Sunday night. The robbers, who were negroes, were discovered at work by the night watchman who fired into them, bringing one of them to the ground. He proved to be the porter of the bank who had been in the employ of the institution for years. He was shot so badly in the leg that it had to be amputated. There were three or four concerned in the attempt.

— Monroe *Journal*: On Saturday Mr. J. M. Flow, postmaster at Martinsville, entered in the office of the Register of Deeds of Union county eight miles of the bed of Richardson creek as vacant land. His claim is in New Salem and is that part of the creek where the sugar and wine road crosses at Williams' mill to the Anson county line and contains about thirty acres. No one knows what his object is. —— The residence of Mr. J. H. Bass, of Richardson's Creek, was burned last Wednesday night, together with nearly all the household goods. Mr. Bass had retired and the fire had gotten a good start before it was discovered and nothing could be done towards saving the house. Mr. Bass carried no insurance, and his loss is a serious one. The fire is supposed to have been accidental.

Masculine Brutality.

"Some men are brutes!" exclaimed the man who had been reading a newspaper.

"That is quite true," answered Mr. Meekton. "I know a man who habitually forgets to put the key under the doormat when his wife goes out to lecture. The way he keeps her ringing the bell while he wakes up out of a sound sleep, makes a light, puts on some clothes and gets down to the door is positively inhuman." —Washington Star.

Not Qualified to Speak.

The Rev. Mr. Doper (the exchange preacher)—Deacon Elder, what do you think of a man who will sleep in church?

Deacon Elder—You'll have to excuse me, Mr. Doper. I wasn't at church last Sunday. You see, I heard you was going to preach, and—the fact is, I'm apt to be sleepy myself now and then.—Boston Transcript.

Acme of Assurance.

"Is he conceited?"

"Conceited! Why, he actually thinks he understands women."—Chicago Post.

A Poor Millionaire

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation and improve the appetite. Price 25 cents. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by B. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

TWINKLINGS

— Miss Pomade—"Where is the paint department, please? Floorwalker—Face or house?"—*Chicago Daily News.*

— "Now, dearest, may I go to your father and ask his consent?" "Wait until the end of the quarter, when my dressmaker's bill comes in. He will be more willing to part with me then."—*Ladies' Field.*

— "If you only had your place for three days, Bridget, what makes you think the lady was pleased with you?" "Because she said she was pleased when I left, ma'am."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— "Your maple syrup," said the lady, "seems to be a good deal like the quality of mercy." "How's that?" the smiling grocer asked, expecting a compliment. "It is not strained."—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

— A Little Too Anxious: Gladwin—"I believe that girl wants to get married." Square—"I begin to think so myself; I proposed to her by letter the other day, and when she mailed her acceptance she put a special delivery stamp on the envelope."—*Town Topics.*

— Clerk—"Mr. Skipper was in while you were out; he said he'd call again to-morrow." Proprietor—"Very kind of him." Clerk—"But he wanted to collect a bill." Proprietor—"Very kind to say when he would call."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Pa Was With Them: "Do you think your father likes me, Mamie?" "I am sure he does." "What makes you sure?" "Because it was only yesterday he asked me when you and I were going to be married, as he wanted to live with us."—*Tit-Bits.*

— His Lordship—Prisoner, you have the right of challenging any of the jury, if you desire to do so. Prisoner—Right y're, guv'nor. I'll fight that little black-whiskered bloke at the end, if he'll step outside.—*Tit-Bits.*

— A Case of Ill treatment—"He calls his poems 'the children of his brain.'" "Dear me, then I should think the horrid critics ought to be taken in hand by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children."—*Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.*

—The Best She Could Do: "There is only one reason," he said, "why I have never asked you to be my wife." "What is that?" she asked. "I have always been half afraid you might refuse." "Well," she whispered, after a long silence, "I should you'd have curiosity enough to want to find out whether your suspicion was well founded or not."—*Chicago Record Herald.*

— "The prisoner knocked me down, calling me a scarecrow, a wall-eyed old fool, a reforming rooster, a dolt and an idiot." This was the conclusion of the deposition. He affixed his signature, which was preceded by the formal entry: "And of which I swear to be true," and left the court.—*New York Herald.*

— Out of Politics: Foreign Visitor—"You have a glorious country here, and fairly revel in the blessings of freedom, I suppose." Mr. Crossroad—"Well, as to that, we don't take much interest in politics up our way. The postoffice don't half pay expenses, and so all parties patriotically agreed to retire from the political field and let a soldier's widow have it."—*New York Weekly.*

Good Hearted Busybodies.

There are thousands of good people in this world who, having very little trouble in managing their own affairs, spend their leisure hours in making plans for their neighbors and constitute themselves self appointed general managers of other men's lives.

Anything more positively aggravating than the disclosures of these schemes can hardly be conceived when they are made to reticent, thinking persons who are using every effort to control the circumstances which surround them to the best advantage. To have concentrated every energy to the amendment of adverse influences and then have some eager, energetic friend come upon you suddenly and ask you, much as if waking you from a lethargy, "Why don't you do thus and so?" is a severe test of your temper and your affection for the speaker.

But, after all, it was kindly meant, and these good hearted busybodies, whose "fad" is the regulating of their friends' families, meant to lend you a helping hand. We are taking away what stands to them in the place of a full purse and the use of an uplifting lever when we refuse to listen.—New York Post.

A Riddle Making Epoch.

There have been epochs at which riddle making has been more especially in vogue, and such epochs would appear to occur at seasons of fresh intellectual awakening. Such an epoch there was at the first glimmering of new intellectual light in the second half of the seventh century. This was the age of Aldhelm, bishop of Sherborne, the first in the roll of Anglo-Latin poets. He left a considerable number of enigmas in Latin hexameters, and they have been repeatedly printed.

Aldhelm died in 1709. Before his time there was a collection of Latin riddles that bore the name of Symphosius. Of this work the date is unknown. We only know that Aldhelm used it, and we may infer that it was then a recent product. The riddles of Symphosius were uniform in shape, consisting each of three hexameter lines.—Cornhill Magazine.

You Taste With Your Throat.

The idea that the sense of taste has any connection with the throat appears peculiar at first thought. We have been possessed with the notion that the sense of taste lies in the tongue and the palate. We all speak of a fine palate, and many persons express astonishment that they can enjoy a delicacy as well after having had a plate fitted to their mouths by a dentist as they could before they paid a visit to that clever gentleman.

The sense of taste is not confined to the tongue and the palate, but is more widely distributed. You taste also with the epiglottis, that little valve at the base of the tongue, and the larynx, to which the epiglottis acts as an assistant, also takes part in the process. Concerning the palate, it is noteworthy that we taste with the soft part, which is at the back of the mouth, but not with the hard or front palate. That explains the mystery of the dental plate. The tonsils do nothing for the sense of taste, nor does the uvula.

A Legal Wreck.

William A. Sutherland of Rochester told this story at his own expense: When he was a candidate for attorney general of New York, special attention was given to getting a big vote in the City of Flowers. Large placards were displayed reading:

Vote for
WILLIAM A. SUTHERLAND
for
Attorney General.

During one week of the campaign a theatrical company played "A Legal Wreck" in Rochester. In some way Mr. Sutherland's posters and the theatrical posters got so mixed up that one of them read:

Vote for
WILLIAM A. SUTHERLAND,
"A Legal Wreck."
—New York Times.

THE CHILDREN, HEAVEN BLESS THEM!

Are They Frail, Restless, and Nervous?

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Will Make Them Vigorous, Healthy, Bright, and Happy.

As a rule parents are to blame if their children are puny, weak, nervous, and irritable. The little ones may be well clothed and fed, yet still be sadly neglected from a physical point of view. It should be remembered that the children inherit many of the troubles that parents suffer from. Thousands of little ones are subjects of nerve troubles, a condition inherited from father or mother. This condition begets irritableness, bad temper, headache, indigestion, and stomach derangements. Such children need the best and most intelligent care, or they will grow up in misery and disease.

Give the little ones Paine's Celery Compound for the next few weeks, and note well its fortifying effect on the nervous system; watch the growth in muscle and flesh.

Thousands of thankful letters have been received from glad fathers and mothers who have had their dear ones perfectly restored to health and strength by Paine's Celery Compound.

Mr. J. P. Surface, Bluefield, W. Va., deems it necessary to give testimony in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. His little son was nervous, and in a dangerous condition from heart trouble. Dr Phelps' marvelous prescription was used, and the little fellow's health is now satisfactory. Mr. Surface writes thus: 'Up to the time our little boy commenced to take Paine's Celery Compound, he had heart, trouble. Every night after going to bed he would have nervous spells and could not get his breath, and did not know what he was doing. In six weeks that he has been using Paine's Celery Compound, he has wonderfully improved in health and strength.

Diamond Dyes color anything any color. Never fail. Always sure!

Women Sign Painters.

Sign painting is added to the list of trades practiced by women in Berlin. Women sign painters undergo a regular apprenticeship. They are taught how to use the brush and to mix paints. Gymnastic training is carefully gone into before they are allowed to ascend the scaffolding, so that they may not loose their nerve in standing on the ladder. They wear the gray linen frock and cap which are the house painter's badge as well as his defense against paint.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	6½ @	7
Standard	@	7¼
Burlaps	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔	12½@	14
Sides ℔	12 @	12½
Shoulders ℔	9 @	10½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔	9 6½ @	9 75
Shoulders ℔	9 @	9¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 25 @	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 25 @	1 35
New New York, each	@	1 35
New City, each	@	1 35
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔	22 @	30
Northern	20 @	26
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	75 @	77½
Virginia Meal	@	77½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	1 12½
CANDLES—℔ —		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	6 @	11
COFFEE—℔ —		
Laguyra	11 @	12½
Rio	7 @	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔	@	9
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	20 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75 @	4 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7 50 @	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	@	10
" Extra	4 00 @	5 00
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade	3 50 @	3 75
Choice	4 75 @	4 00
Straight	4 25 @	4 50
Firm Patent	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	8 @	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	80½@	85
Mixed Corn	@	80½
Oats, from store (mixed)	60 @	60
Oats, Rust Proof	75 @	75
Cow Peas	1 30 @	1 40
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted	4 @	5
Dry flint	10 @	11
Dry salt	9 @	10
HAY ℔ 100 lbs		
No 1 Timothy	95 @	1 00
Rice Straw	50 @	60
N. C. Crop	75 @	80
HOOP IRON—℔ ℔	2½@	3
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	12½@	14
Dairy Cream	12 @	13½
Skim cheese	10 @	12½
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	6½@	12½
North Carolina	10 @	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10 @	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	18 50
Rump	@	18 50
Prime	@	17 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11 @	20
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@	1 20
Liverpool	@	30
American	@	30
On 60 ℔ bags	45 @	48
SUGAR, ℔ ℔— Standard Granul	@	5 00
Standard A	@	4¾
White Extra C	4½@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	@	4¼
C Yellow	@	4
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	15 00 @	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	13 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogsheads	@	24
Barbadoes, in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29 @	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	30 @	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	17 @	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60 basis	3 40 @	3 50
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	5 00 @	14 05
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00 @	9 00
Common mill	4 00 @	5 00
Fair mill	5 00 @	6 00
Prime mill	6 00 @	7 00
Extra mill	8 00 @	9 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	5 25 @	7 00
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 50 @	4 00
" Sap	2 50 @	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 20 @	1 40

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—5 bales cotton, 2 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—48 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 83 barrels tar, 8 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—51 barrels rosin, 13 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—8 barrels tar.

Steamer Highlander—2 casks spirits turpentine, 7 barrels rosin, 180 barrels tar, 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—6 casks spirits turpentine, 35 barrels rosin, 21 barrels tar.

C Larkins' Flat—16 barrels tar.

Total—53 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 93 barrels rosin, 333 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, April 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 10 per barrel for strained and $1 15 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2 50 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady at 31@31½c; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.20; crude turpentine nothing doing.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	9
Rosin	93
Tar	332
Crude turpentine	9

Receipts same day last year—13 casks spirits turpentine, 255 barrels rosin, 45 barrels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6¼ cts. ℔
Good ordinary	7⅜ " "
Low middling	8¾ " "
Middling	8¾ " "
Good middling	9 3-16 " "

Same day last year, market steady at 7¾c for middling.

Receipts—53 bales; same day last year, 166.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 65c; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 75@80c.

CORN—Firm: 76@80c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11@ 15c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c, sides, 10@11c.

EGGS—Dull at 14c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 20@ 30c; springs, 15@20c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 15@ 16c; live, 10@11c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6¼c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 70@ 75c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Money on call was firm at 4@4½ per cent., closing with 4½ per cent offered. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½ for demand and at 485@485¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 486 and 488¼. Commercial bills 484¼@485¾. Bar silver 53¾. Mexican dollars 43. Government bonds firm. State bonds were inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 109; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 109; U. S. 3's, registered, 108½; do. coupon, 109¾. U. S. 4's, new registered, 139; do coupon 139¼; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111; do. coupon, 111¼; U. S. 5's registered, 107; do. coupon, 107; Southern Railway, 5's, 122¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 105¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 46; Manhattan L. 133½; New York Central 162¾; Reading 57½; do. 1st preferred 81½; do. 2nd preferred 68¾; St. Paul 166½; do. pref'd, 190¾; Southern Railway 33¾; do. pref'd 95; Amalgamated Copper 64½; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 101¾; Sugar 131½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 67¾; U. S. Leather 12¾; do. pref'd, 83¾; Western Union 90¾; U. S. Steel 41¾; do. preferred 93¾; Mexican National 18¾; American Locomotive 31¾; do. preferred 93; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 69½; do. preferred, 129¾; Standard Oil 615@630.

BALTIMORE, April 10.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 25¾@26; do. preferred, 45¾@46; do. 4s 84¼@85.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine dull and nominal at 46¾@47c.

CHARLESTON, April 10.—Spirits turpentine firm at 42¼c; sales — casks. Rosin unchanged.

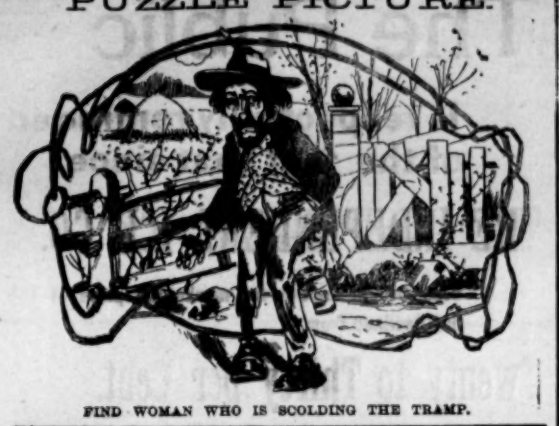
SAVANNAH, April 10.—Spirits turpentine was quiet at 42¼c; receipts 435 casks; sales 110 casks; exports 640 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 1,910 barrels; sales — barrels; exports 100 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 30; E, $1 35; F, $1 40; G, $1 45; H, $1 65; I, $2 00; K $2 45; M, $2 85; N, $3 35; W G, $3 70; W W, $3 95.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The cotton market opened firm with prices one to four points higher, and gained an additional point or so immediately after the call on a flurry of covering by traders, foreign buying and some Southern support. Wall street appeared as a large buyer of the August option, paying 8.90 for several extensive blocks, but at the same time unloading July holdings eagerly. The first wave of buying carried the entire list to new high record figures, April reaching 9.19; May 9.09; July 9.10 and August 8.92. For the rest of the session the course of the market was very irregular. Frequent spurts of liquidation and light selling for a reaction by professional bears caused marked weakness at times and kept prices well below the top prices of the first half hour. Whereas, early cables had been very bullish, Southern spot market reports strong and sentiment in general friendly toward the market, late influences were discouraging. The official estimate for to-morrow's receipts at

PUZZLE PICTURE.



FIND WOMAN WHO IS SCOLDING THE TRAMP.

Rehder's Rehder's

Interesting Spring News From the Busy Store!

Where did you get that hat? An old saying but a question often asked.

Generally the answer to this question is, at REHDER'S.

This season we have had an immense Easter trade. We are delighted to say that not one of our customers have been disappointed. All orders for Easter delivery have been filled and we are now ready to supply your wants promptly. Many new things will be shown in this department this week.

Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Department.

Have You Seen the New Styles?

The new Spring things are with us. Suits and top-Coats, White and Fancy Shirts, Nobby Neckwear and the like. Our store is full of bright snappy Patterns, the latest productions of the leading maker. We have by far the best stock and assortment of Clothing we have ever had.

Special offerings this week in all other departments. Two hundred rolls new Matting just received.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and over. mar 30 tf

Furniture for Your House.

A Solid Oak Leather Seat Rocker and one penny for $1 51.

Fine Oak Bedroom Suits, China Closets, Hat Racks and Chiffoniers at factory cost.

THE SNEED CO.,

FURNITURE HEADQUARTERS,

Second and Market Streets.

Fine Thoroughbred Jersey Cow for sale. ap 5 tf

The Murchison National Bank, Capital $200,000.

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

Organized March, 1899.

Deposits April 4, 1902, - - $700 000 00.

Deposits April 4, 1901, - - 365,000 00.

Every customer of this Bank can rely on prompt and careful service. Foreign exchange bought and sold.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.

J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier. ap 5 tf

Our Easter Shoes,

OXFORDS AND SLIPPERS

are as pretty and attractive as Easter flowers. The world will blossom in Spring Shoes on Easter morning.

Our beautiful line of seasonable Footwear is now ready.

Don't buy yours before seeing ours. We have the newest.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

mar 23 tf

THE NIMBLE DOLLAR---CATCH IT! SAVE IT!

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company offers a safe repository for all savings, large or small, and pays interest at rate of 4 per cent. per annum on all amounts of $5 or over remaining a full interest quarter of three months. Deposits received on or before April 1st will bear interest from that date.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,

108 Princess Street.

[illegible] WOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

mar 23 tf

MOTT'S **PENNYROYAL PILLS** They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

r 20 tf Sold by J. C. SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy

Old Newspapers

in

Quantities to Suit,

at the

STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

"The Leopard's Spots"

A TALE OF THE SOUTH,

BY TOM DIXON.

"Wallannah," by Will Loftin Hargrove.
"Audrey," by Mary Johnson.
"The Young Barbarian," by Ian McLaurin.
"Under Southern Sun," by Mrs. Matthew Hege.

All the New Books and Periodicals constantly on hand.

Patronize our "Circulating Library of Current Fiction."

YOU CAN READ ANY OF THE NEW BOOKS FOR 25 CENTS.

C. W. YATES & CO.

mar 14tf

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

an 23 tf D. O'CONNOR.

The Barometer Boy.

"The rain will come down in a tempest today;
The wind is so dreadfully cool,
And (if you ask me) I should certainly say
That it's wiser to stay
At home in the dry than go roaming away
To the horrible school,"
Said Freddie Maguire
As he sat by the fire
On a beautiful stool.

"I'm sorry for that," said mamma, "for you see,
There's a trip up the river today.
I meant you to go with your father and me.
At a quarter to three
The steamer, I hear, will be leaving the quay.
But then, as you say,
Such a trip would be vain
When there's sure to be rain
And the clouds are so gray.'

"Oh, mother!" said Freddie. "I fancy, you know,
The wind is a bit on the wane,
And faintly the sun is beginning to show,
While the meadows below
Are surely more bright than a moment ago.
And on looking again
I think it would do.
Yes; I'm sure it won't rain.
Yes, I'm sure it won't rain."

ROBIN REDBREAST.

How the Little Brown Dwarfs Repaid Ellen For Her Kindness.

In a small house by the roadside lived a woodcutter, his daughter Ellen and his son Thomas. The father and son went out every day and cut wood, while little Ellen was at home doing the housework and knitting stockings to sell in the village. One day when it was snowing Ellen made a round circle on the pane of glass to look out. When she looked out, she saw a robin searching for food, and it was almost frozen to death. She took it in and warmed and fed it. That night when the woodcutters came home she told them, and Thomas said, "It will be quite a feast." But Ellen said, "Oh, no." Then her father said she could keep it. After supper she washed the dishes and went to bed early, for she had to cook breakfast.

Next morning when Ellen came down the fire was burning, porridge cooking and everything done, and Ellen was surprised. When the rest of the family came down, she did not tell them, and when they had gone she went to make the beds. When she got there, they were already made. She came down to wash dishes, and when she got there they were finished. She was surprised, and it went on the same all day.

That night Ellen thought she would watch. She peeked through the kitchen door and saw a dwarf dressed in brown trousers and a red coat. She did not tell anybody. It went on every day, and one day the robin sat on the window sill and chirped as if it wanted to get out, for the sun was shining. Ellen let him fly.

One day Ellen went to sell the stockings she knitted in the village. She came home at night, her pennies in her pocket tinkling as she sang to the yellow moon. As she came to the side of the hill it opened like a door. Inside was like a room, in which were many dwarfs like the one which worked for her all winter. One said, "There is a human being watching us." They all looked and suddenly rushed toward Ellen and said, "Did you come to steal our treasure?" She said, "Oh, no."

The robin that she fed all winter rushed through the crowd and said: "Oh, that is Ellen, who fed me all winter. Come, let us fill her basket with our treasure." They all ran and filled the basket with their treasure.

She thanked them and walked home, her basket becoming heavier and heavier. She knocked at her door, and her father came to the door and, taking the basket, thought it very heavy. He asked from whom she received the treasure. He and Thomas were very glad and happy ever after. Ellen never had to work so hard, and Thomas and her father never had to cut wood.—Lillian H. Schreiber in Brooklyn Eagle.

Trick With Coins.

Drop a dime in a wineglass and cover it with a quarter. Now take out the dime without touching it or touching or moving the glass.

You may think it is impossible, and any one you ask to perform the feat will be of the same opinion.

THE COINS IN THE GLASS.

But it is easy when you know how. The glass and coins will be as in the illustration.

Now blow smartly down one inner side of the glass. The quarter will turn up on its edge, and the nimble dime will jump past it and come out of its silver doored crystal prison.

Best Place For Turkeys.

The best place to raise turkeys is near a creek bottom where acorns and berries are abundant and the range ample. They will need looking after, but a twelve-year-old boy on a pony is just the thing for this business. With a little corn to feed them, they may be induced to follow the attendant home by merely riding off, dropping a few grains along the route. After a few attempts there will be no further trouble. They can be rounded up, a few handfuls of corn thrown to them and then start for home, dropping corn as stated, and the turkeys will follow. A few feeds at home at a regular hour will cause them to be "on hand when the horn blows."

Winter Eggs.

The secret of winter eggs is comfortable roosting quarters, wholesome food and exercise. Nothing equals green cut bone to put an edge on after good grain has been supplied.

When an old work horse is given a holiday, he spends it chiefly in looking lonesome.—Atchison Globe.

Contentment is always perched on the round of the ladder just above you.—Chicago News.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy

GRANDMA'S FOOT STOVE.

The Little Girl Who Took It to Church and Went to Sleep.

The children had been rummaging in the garret, and they brought down such a funny looking thing, a tin box set in a wooden frame, with little carved pillar.

"What's it for?" asked Jack.

"And what's its name?" asked Patty.

"That is a foot stove," said grandma, looking over her glasses. "We used to fill it with hot coals and carry it to church to keep our feet warm. You see, there was no fire in the church, and it was very cold in winter. The frost on the windows was often so thick that they looked like ground glass.

"I remember the first time that our folks let me carry a foot stove myself. Mother was sick, and father stayed at home to take care of her, so I went to church alone. How grown up I felt as I marched up the aisle holding the foot stove in my mittened hand and sat down by myself in one corner of the family pew!

The backs of the pews were all so high that I could not see any one except the minister way over my head in the pulpit. He was a very wise man and used long words that I could not understand at all, and I soon grew tired of watching his breath make little clouds of vapor in the cold air while he was speaking.

"Then I thought how nice it would be to curl up on the seat and take a little nap. Nobody was in sight but the minister, and he had taken off his glasses and laid them in the hymnbook, and I knew without them he never could see me when he was out on his morning walk and passed me on my way to school. So I tucked my big muff of gray squirrel's fur under my head and put the foot stove to my feet and felt so comfortable that I fell asleep in one wink.

"When I awoke, I was surprised to see the pulpit empty and the sunset sparkling through the frosty west windows. I was astonished to find that I must have slept a long while. The people had all gone away without noticing me, and I was locked up alone in the church."

"Oh, grandma, weren't you afraid?" said little Patty.

"Yes, for I knew it would be quite dark before evening service, when the church would be unlocked again. It was turning cold, too, and I put my little numb fingers on the foot stove and tried to get the tingle out of them.

"Pretty soon I heard some one unlock the door. I thought it was the sexton and stood up on the seat to see, peeping over the back of the pew. Oh, Patty and Jack, how I felt when I saw it was the dignified old minister himself! He had left his glasses in the hymnbook and came back to get them. How I wished that I had never taken that naughty nap!

"However, I told him just how rude I had been and how I went to sleep in the middle of his sermon. I cried pretty hard as I told the disgraceful story, for I thought he would scold me and in dreadfully long words, too, but he never said a thing except 'The poor little pussy!' and then he picked me up in his arms, foot stove and all, and carried me safe home.

"But what an ashamed little girl he set down on our doorstep!"—Persis Gardiner in Youth's Companion.

Educated Seals.

Seals are not only capable of being trained while in captivity, but it may be truly said that they may be educated. They are extremely sensitive to sounds and can even be taught to enunciate short syllables. I had one who could say "pa" and "ma" intelligibly, and no doubt with larger instruction it might have acquired other words. This one would also play a tune through on a hand organ by holding on to the crank with his right flipper. He could also make as graceful a bow as any lady need wish to receive. He would throw water over you with his flippers and expect you to enjoy it as much as he did. He would also follow me about like a dog and was not even discouraged by a flight of stairs, up and down which he would go to keep me in sight. When I was obliged to leave him at night or any other time, he would beckon to me with his head and neck "to come back" just as plainly as words could have expressed the feeling, and when he could no longer see me he would cry like a child.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Then the Lady Blushed.

It is a mistake to presume upon the misfortunes of others, as the following shows: A gentleman who had been afflicted with deafness returned home from a visit to London, and soon after went to call upon a lady of his acquaintance.

He found her at home, and with her a cousin of hers, who was also paying her a visit. The hostess received him with politeness and introduced him to her cousin, but to her introduction she added in a perfectly audible tone, "He's a good man enough, but he's terribly stupid and as deaf as a post."

The gentleman colored.

"I may be stupid," he said, "but I am no longer as deaf as a post, for I have been cured during my absence and can hear as well as anybody."—London Fun.

Seven Years in Bed.

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. L. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of Kidney and Liver trouble. Nervous Prostration and General Debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enable me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Only 50 cents.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1 00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr.

Sandy Run Poultry Yards

W. D. HARRILL & CO., Prop.,

BLLENBORO, N. C.

Eggs for sale from prize winners of the following varieties:

Black Minorcas, Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Buff, Brown and White Leghorns. Buff Plymouth Rocks, Partridge Wyandottes, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs. Won at High Point, N. C., every first prize competed for but two; won at Charleston, S. C., four first, second and third on ten entries.

Eggs—Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs $1 50 for 15; Partridge Wyandottes $2 00 for 15; Langshans, Minorcas and Brahmas $3 00 for 15.

Write your wants or order from this advertisement. We will do you right. feb 23 tf

GOOD MORNING!

HAVE YOU BEEN DOWN TO THE RACKET STORE RECENTLY? IF NOT YOU OUGHT TO GO.

It is the busiest place I've seen and the Store has been greatly improved.

Mr. Gaylord informs me that he has spent about $400 in new Furniture, Painting, Railway, etc. Every improvement made for convenience and economy. The store has on its best Sunday clothes. And the large stock of goods he carries is something wonderful. It makes one wonder what he will ever do with them all. Stop and stay awhile and see what is going on and see the hundreds of customers carrying them off. The delivery wagons are busy hauling them over the city, and out of the doors see the hundreds of cases shipped out to the wholesale trade. Well, it is truly wonderful how he has built this business up. He tells me he buys for cash and saves his discounts; spends the discounts in buying premiums and gives them to his customers for their cash trade. He surely sells goods cheap. I filled my memorandum there. He sells everything.

His Clothing Department is equal or even superior to any clothing store in the city. He has thousands of new Suits. He will sell you a boy's Suit, full size and well made, from 8 to 14 years, for 69c.

Small Boys Eton Suits, nicely trimmed up, for $1.25. Nice all wool Suits for Boys for $2 25 and up to $4.50. In Men's and Youths' Suits: Well, you can get any kind you want. I have a beautiful worsted Suit worth $7.50, my price $5. A full line of new style Suits, Coats and Pants, all-wool flannel, for $4.50. Handsome worsted Suits, new Spring shades and strictly all wool, at $8 a Suit.

In Men's odd Pants, I think I must have 2,000 pairs. In Men's heavy working Pants with worsted pockets and strapped seams for 75c. Splendid Pants and nice looking at $1. I looked over his tables and saw some all wool Pants as high as $5 and some nice worsted styles at $2.50 a pair. One hundred and fifty pairs at a special price of $1.48, equal to any $2.25 Pants in the city.

His Ladies' ready-to-wear Department. He sells shirt waists in first quality percale laundried, as low as 33c each. A fine mercerized Waist worth 98c, his special price, 60c. A nice line of heavy percale Waists tucked and laundried at 50c, worth 75c. Ladies' ready-made percale Wrappers well made with ruffles, worth $1 anywhere, at 75c his price. Two hundred new Skirts on sale, all grades and prices, from 50c to $7.50 each. His Skirts are well made, and nicely lined at $1.50 and up. Accordeon pleated Underskirts, beautiful quality mercerized, at $1.

In Ladies' Hats, well I never saw so many. I didn't think the whole State would use that many Hats. In this department he says he has twelve ladies busy all the time. Just think, he will sell you a Hat and trim it for nothing, and give you a box.

His store is filled with goods. I never saw so many. I saw thousands of yards of beautiful Laces and Insertions to sell for 25c per dozen yards and up to 15c per yard.

In Appliques and Embroideries and all over Yokink Corsets and Muslin Underwear, and Ladies' and Children's Underwear and Men's Shirts he can fit you up.

In Ribbons his shelves are filled full of it—anything you can call for. Baby Ribbons for 1c per yard. Beautiful Sash Ribbons, 6 inches wide, for 39c per yard.

Well, I filled my memorandum there and got me a nice present, too—a nice Rocking Chair that cost me nothing.

Take my advice, old friend, if you have any trading to do for your family this Spring, trade with a man that appreciates your trade and gives you a present at

Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

GEO. O. GAYLORD PROPRIETOR,

208 and 210 North Front Street,

ap 6 tf

THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS,

THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

Hot Springs N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used. These Springs are in the grounds of the

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the banks of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

mar 9 tf su

The People's Savings Bank,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Directors of this Bank have to-day declared a dividend of 3 per cent., payable April 10th to stockholders of Record April 8th, 1902.

F. W. DICK,

ap 9 tf Cashier.

FOR RENT!

The spacious quarters on Princess street formerly occupied by the Atlantic National Bank. Equipped with all the modern conveniences of water, gas and electricity. These quarters offer excellent opportunities for the conducting of any class of business.

For terms apply to

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

ap 9 tf

Executrix Notice.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

Having this day qualified as the Executrix, under the last will and testament of Dedrich Stelljes, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment of the same, and persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me for payment duly attested within twelve months from the date of this notice, or I will plead the same in bar of their recovery.

This the 7th day of February, A. D. 1902.

MARY FRANCES STELJES,
Executrix of Dedrich Stelljes, deceased.

feb 23 6t tf

A REAL BARBER SHOP.

Such is "The Climax." Our men are all graduates with the degree of A. B., which means Artistic Barbers. Our Piccaninny Polishers can give your shoes a shine that will put a plate-glass mirror to shame. Everything up-to-date.

GUION & DAVIS,

ap 4 tf 7 South Front St.

Office Supplies.

I have a full line of all kinds of Blank Books, Filing Cases, Pens, Pencils and everything you will need in your office. Let me hear from you when you are in need of anything.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

ap 6 tf 107 Market St.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect March 23.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:48 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 4:30 A. M., Hamlet at 7:37 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:59 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:34 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet		10.35 p m	6.45 a m
Ar Monroe		10 15 a m	5.30 a m
Ar Charlotte			9.20 a m
Ar Chester		1.35 a m	9 45 a m
Ar Greenwood		5.43 a m	11.32 p m
Ar Athens		6.15 a m	2 18 p m
Ar Atlanta		8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	9.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m	12.05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.00 a m	3.50 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	9.50 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11.00 p m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	3 00 a m	1.05 p m
Ar Norfolk	8.50 a m	11.05 p m
Ar Portsmouth		
Ar Norfolk	7.15 a m	5.35 p m

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	8 05 a m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 30 a m	11 30 a m	11.00 a m
Ar Norlina	3.30 a m	1.35 a m	7.00 p m
Ar Petersburg	4.54 a m	4.07 p m	4.55 p m
Ar Richmond	5.35 a m	4.55 p m	5.45 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	6.36 p m	9.50 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.35 a m	11.30 p m	11.26 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 37, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.40 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 8.50 p. m.; Norfolk 9.30 p. m.; Raleigh 3.35 a. m. Arrives at Hamlet at 4.40 a. m. From train 86, leaving Atlanta 9.00 p. m.; Athens 11.28 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 4.50 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.05 p. m.; Savannah 12.10 p. m.; Columbia 3.55 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 6.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

W. H. PLEASANTS, Traffic Manager.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.

mar 14 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 24	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 40	4 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 32	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.42 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & W. at New Bern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.05 P. M. No. 3 train also connects with W. & W. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 21 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

THE 1831 COUNTRY Seventy-Second Year GENTLEMAN 1902

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper AND ADMITTEDLY THE Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

No other paper pretends to compete with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

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LUTHER TUCKER & SON., Albany, N. Y.

oct 19 tf

FLOUR,

Meal, Corn and Oats.

Salt and Molasses.

Coffee and Rice, Cigars and Tobacco.

We offer the above goods of best quality at lowest market prices.

Send us your orders for anything in our line. Write for samples and prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocer,

mar 18 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	3 15 A. M.
5 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
5 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

H. G. GRANT, Superintendent.

sep 28 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Dec. 29, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.57 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.58 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.34 P. M., Petersburg 5.46 P. M., Richmond 6.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M., Baltimore 1.40 A. M., Philadelphia 4.35 A. M., New York 7.10 A. M., *Boston 2.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 P. M., Warsaw 9.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.36 P. M., *Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.37 A. M., *Norfolk 1.00 P. M., Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 4.57 A. M., Washington 7.30 A. M., Baltimore 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.19 A. M., New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.25 P M — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.10 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6 00 A. M. — No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.40 A. M., Florence 9.05 A. M., Lanes 11.20 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 2.45 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M., Denmark 6.14 A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.05 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A M — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.45 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.58 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 2.00 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 A. M., New York *2.30 P. M., Philadelphia 10.20 A. M., Baltimore 8.05 A. M., Washington 6.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 7.42 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.32 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.59 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M., Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.36 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.28 P. M., Baltimore 2.16 P. M., Washington 3.40 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Petersburg 7.10 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 5.48 P. M., **Tarboro 7.22 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.05 A. M. Leave Wilson 8.32 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 8.24 A. M., Magnolia 8.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 4.15 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Newbern 2.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.30 A. M.

Sunday only 12.15 P. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.20 P. M. — No. 56—Leave Charleston 4.20 P. M., Lanes 6.00 P. M., Florence 6.15 P. M., Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.31 P. M.

DAILY 7.40 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.00 A. M., Sanford 6.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 1.20 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.10 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.20 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Columbia 6.45 A. M., Sumter 8.50 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.53 A. M., Chadbourn 11.55 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.32 A. M.

EAST BOUND

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 4.25 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 6.20 P. M. leave Fayetteville 6.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Maxton 9.09 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.19 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Howard Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.15 A. M., arrive Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 5.30 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.05 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 3.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 12.00 M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.55 P. M.; Sunday 6.00 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.55 P. M. and 6.30 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.50 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.00 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.90 A. M., 4.23 P. M., Spring Hope 11.50 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.40 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M., 6.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 8.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.40 A. M., Dillon 10.50 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 3.25 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Kirod 6.10 A. M., returning leave Kirod 6.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.35 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.50 P. M., Manning 6.55 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.00 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.45 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M. *7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., *8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; *8.50 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M., Hartsville 9.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 5.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 5.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.32 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.35 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.36 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M. arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Bran

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 11.

RIOTING IN BRUSSELS.

Serious Conflicts Between the Police and Rioters—Many Persons Wounded, Including Women and Children.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BRUSSELS, April 11, 1 A. M.—Serious conflicts between the rioters and the police, in which over thirty persons were wounded, including women and children, occurred here late last night in the vicinity of the Maison Du Peuple.

The first encounter took place in the Rue Des Minimes, where the mob pelted the police with cobble stones. The police then charged with fixed bayonets, and as a result three men were severely and others slightly wounded. The mob then proceeded to the Rue Stevens, in front of the Maison Du Peuple, where a still more serious conflict occurred. Over a hundred shots were fired from both sides. The women and children were wounded here, and they, together with the men injured, were taken into the Maison Du Peuple.

Towards midnight this district of Brussels had the appearance of a city in revolt. The rioters had torn up the street car rails and erected a sort of barricade to fortify their position at the Maison. By strenuous efforts the police managed to clear the Rue Stevens, but the Maison Du Peuple was left in possession of the people.

Rioting has also occurred at Ghent and Liege, where meetings in favor of a general strike have been held.

LONDON, April 10.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Brussels says the troops called out in connection with the riots are in a state bordering on mutiny. Many of the militia responded to the call to the colors, but marched through the streets singing the "Carmagnole" and the "Marseillaise." Great excitement prevails in the industrial districts. Several militiamen were arrested for insubordination and the regulars are confined to their barracks. Ball cartridges have been issued to the troops.

BOER LEADERS' CONFERENCE.

Meeting at Klerksdorp to Consider British Peace Terms—A Final Decision Expected Shortly.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PRETORIA, April 6.—President Steyn of the Orange Free State; Secretary of State Reitz of the Transvaal; Acting President Schalk-Burger, of the Transvaal, and General Lucas Meyer, commander-in-chief of the Orange Free State forces, passed through Kroonstad, Orange Free State, Sunday, April 6th, on their way to Klerksdorp, Southwestern Transvaal, where General Botha, the Transvaal commander-in-chief arrived Monday April 7th. It was expected that Generals DeWet and Delarey would attend the conference to take place there.

It is understood that the Boer leaders are fully possessed of the British peace terms and that the conference then assembling was to enable the leaders to thoroughly discuss these terms. It is expected that the final decision of the Burghers will shortly be known.

LONDON, April 11.—The *Financier and Bullionist* publishes a dispatch from Pretoria this morning, declaring that the Boer leaders have accepted the British terms, that peace has been arranged and that the terms of peace have been cabled to the Boer agents in Europe.

The *Central News* is informed that a telegram was received in London this morning from Pretoria saying that Mr. Steyn and Generals DeWet and Botha had agreed upon terms of peace. The telegram indicates that the British terms have been accepted and that peace has been arranged.

FRAUDULENT USE OF MAILS.

President and Secretary of a Chicago Publishing Concern Arrested.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 10.—H. L. Barber, president of a publishing concern, the annual business of which is estimated at $500,000, and A. J. Munsen, secretary, have been arrested by the United States postal authorities on the charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes.

Barber and Munsen were released until April 18th on bonds of $1,000. The complaint on which the men were arrested was sworn out by J. B. DeSaussure, of Atlanta, Ga., who declared that he had been swindled out of ten dollars. The plan upon which it is said the company has been securing agents was to guarantee them a salary of eight dollars a week to start with. The agents, as it is alleged, were obliged to sign an iron-clad contract, which they never make it impossible for them to earn the wages, which depend on sales that cannot be made. When the sales are not made the agents are left with the outfit on their hands, for which pay has been collected in advance.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

As Reported in Senate Will Show Increase for Cape Fear River of $150,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Senate Committee on Commerce to-day completed the river and harbor bill, numerous amendments being added, and an increase of the appropriation amounting to $9 609 173. Of this increase $4 691 815 is in the way of direct appropriation and the remainder for contracts authorized. The total appropriation, direct and indirect, carried by the House bill was $60,688 267 The Senate increase as recommended by the committee brings the grand total up to $70,297 439

Among the items of increase are Appomattox river, Virginia, $25,000, contract $175,000; Cape Fear river, North Carolina, $150,000. Substantially no decreases were made in the items of the bill as they came from the House.

Stopped Into Live Coals.

"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for thirty years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else failed." Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Bruises and Piles. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Only 25 cents.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MURDER MYSTERY IN DETROIT, MICH.

The Body of a Young Woman Brutally Butchered Found in a Lonely Spot.

A MUSIC TEACHER ARRESTED.

Married Man With a Family Charged With the Crime—Strong Circumstantial Evidence — Another Mysterious Murder Case.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DETROIT, MICH., April 10.—What the police consider to be a strong link in the chain of circumstantial evidence that they are weaving about Professor Jos. M. Miller, aged 47, a music teacher and a married man with a family, who is under arrest on suspicion of brutally murdering Miss Carrie M. Jennett, on 13th street, just before midnight last night, was discovered this evening.

It is a blood-stained hatchet which was found in the drawer of a table in Miller's kitchen. There is now the following circumstantial evidence against Prof. Miller, who was the girl's music teacher and had paid her such marked attention that her father had asked him to keep away from the house: When he was examined at the Grand River avenue police station this morning what are supposed to be blood stains were found on his shirt-sleeves, his trousers, shoes, hat and overcoat; a towel was discovered in his kitchen with what are supposed to be blood stains on it; when he was asked for an explanation of the stains on his clothing he gave none and finally the blood stained hatchet was found to-night.

Miss Jennett, who was 22 years of age and would have become a mother in a few months, was most brutally done to death just before 12 o'clock last night. She was felled by a terrific blow on the head which broke her neck, and her throat was cut from ear to ear. A blow from some instrument made a hole in the middle of her forehead and behind her left ear was a deep stab wound, evidently made by the same instrument that was used to cut her throat. In addition to these ghastly wounds, a heavy blow had been struck on the side of her face, fracturing the cheek bone. Her mutilated body was found in this condition in a lonely spot on Thirteenth street. It was taken to the morgue and not identified until this morning.

Miss Jennett left her home last evening to attend a meeting of the Rebekah Lodge of which she was a member. She left the meeting about 10 o'clock and was not seen again alive. Her parents were alarmed at her not coming home and when they heard of the murder became fearful that it might be their daughter. Mr. Jennett hurried to the morgue and there identified the mutilated body.

The police were working on the case and questioned him as to the girl. He told them of her infatuation for Prof. Miller and the teacher was placed under arrest. Miller took the situation very coolly when he was examined at the station. Nothing could be learned from questioning him. He was then ordered to take off his clothes, and on the shirt the police found blood stains. Miller offered no explanation of them. More stains were found on other garments. Miller still maintained absolute silence. It was then decided to lock him up. While he was being registered on the blotter, the music teacher collapsed and fainted. He was revived only to faint again as the officers conducted him to a cell.

Miller left his house last evening to attend a lodge meeting on Baker street and returned about 11:30 o'clock apparently cool and undisturbed. He alleges that he did not leave the meeting until 11 o'clock, but several persons who were there say that he left between 10 and 10:30 o'clock. The murder was committed at five minutes after 11 o'clock as near as the officers can learn.

To-night Miller is sleeping like a child in the Grand River police station. While the police say they have strong circumstantial evidence against the suspect, they admit that they are still far short of enough to convict him of the murder. Nothing can be gained from Miller by questioning. He simply insists that he knows nothing of the murder.

Another Murder.

While the police were bending all efforts early to-day toward running down the slayer of Miss Jennett, a second brutal murder was discovered.

The body of George Henry Heywood was found lying in a pool of blood on the sidewalk on Amherst street, near his home, early this morning, a deep gash over the left eye from which the brains oozed, telling the cause of death. Heywood was head bookkeeper at the Michigan Malleable Iron Works, and attended a dance last night.

As her husband did not return during the night Mrs. Heywood was very much alarmed and arising early she sent her oldest boy, Earl, aged twelve, out to see if he could find any trace of his father. The little chap had gone but a short distance from the house when he discovered the lifeless remains of the parent.

Detectives arrested William F. Jones, a roomer in Heywood's house. The two men are said to have quarrelled frequently. About seventy-five feet from where the body was found a revolver lay in the alley. The little Heywood boy identified it as belonging to Jones and said he had seen it in his room. There was a freshly discharged cartridge in the revolver.

Dr. W. R. Baker, who examined Heywood's body, is of the opinion that the wound was inflicted by a revolver held at very close range. Jones is said to have been infatuated to a marked degree with Mrs. Heywood, so much so that it had been neighborhood gossip for some time.

DANGEROUS DERELICT.

Reported Off the North Carolina Coast Near Currituck Light.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, April 10.—Admiral Cotton, commandant of this naval station, has information of a dangerous derelict off the North Carolina coast. The wreckage consists of a lot of spars, which are supposed to be attached to a sunken vessel, and which was reported by the Norwegian steamship Murr as off Currituck light. A tug will be sent from this yard at once to find and destroy the wreckage, which is reported as a dangerous obstruction to navigation.

A monument to General Polk, the Confederate General, was unveiled yesterday on Lost Mountain, twenty-five miles from Atlanta. The shaft was erected by Major Gideon Morris and wife on the spot where General Polk, who was known as the "Fighting Bishop," was struck by a Federal shell, June 14th, 1864.

PRESIDENT'S RETURN TRIP TO WASHINGTON.

Greeted by Enthusiastic Crowds of People at All Stopping Places in South Carolina—Speech at Charlotte.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHESTER, S. C., April 10.—The President has been given a warm greeting by the people of South Carolina on his return journey to Washington. At Branchville, S. C., a small station on the Southern railroad, a stop was made for water. The President came out on the rear platform and bowed his acknowledgement to the three hundred people, who rushed for his car and cheered him.

Although no stop was made at Orangeburg, fully one thousand people lined the railroad tracks and endeavored to catch a glimpse of him. A multitude gathered at the depot at Columbia as the train pulled in. A wild cheer went up and immediately there was a rush for the President's car. In the crowd there were a number of the students of the South Carolina College, who gave a strong college yell. When a semblance of order was restored the President—who all the while had been standing on the platform with Mrs. Roosevelt—made a short speech in which he said that this was but another evidence of the cordial treatment he had received while in the State. He greatly pleased the audience when he told them that he thought he was a good American when he came to South Carolina, but that he was a better one when he left. In the hand-shaking which followed, the President noticed the jamming and pushing going on and he admonished the people not to shove. Considerable laughter was caused when he grasped the outstretched hand of a little girl and said he was partial to children because he had a half dozen of them himself.

Winnsboro and Chester, S. C., turned out immense crowds. At the latter place where a brief stop was made, the President appeared on the rear platform. There was a loud call for Mrs. Roosevelt and when she came out of her car door on the platform a mighty shout went up. The President responded to the request for a speech as follows:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: I want to thank you. I want to thank the people of the South, the Carolinas, for the reception I have met with to-day and during the two preceding days. I have appreciated to the full the hospitality of the people of Charleston and marveled at the beauty of the Exposition. [Applause]. The welcome that has been extended to me in your State will be an inspiration in my public life and I shall endeavor, men and women of this State, so to conduct myself always that you and all other Americans shall have reason to be satisfied with the way your affairs are managed. [Applause] I thank you heartily and wish you well. I only hope that you have enjoyed having me here half as much as I have enjoyed being here. [Great applause.]"

The 750 ladies of Winthrop Female Academy at Rock Hill had requested the President to stop there if possible and when the train came in sight the whole town was out. No stop was made, but the President gave them an opportunity to see him by coming out on the platform as the train sped by.

In North Carolina.

SALISBURY, N. C., April 10.—The first stop in the Tar Heel State was at Charlotte. The demonstration there was no less enthusiastic and hearty than it was in the Palmetto State. The President was forced to make a speech, in which he said: "Ladies and Gentlemen: I am very glad to have the chance of greeting you to-night, to say how much I appreciate your having come.

A voice—"How about the Mecklenburg Declaration?"

The President—"The Mecklenburg Declaration was all right." [Great applause.]

Then after a pause he said: "Some in the audience has spoken of the Mecklenburg Declaration. That was the first declaration of independence in any of what are now the United States. [Applause]. To my good fortune I have studied much of the early history of North Carolina. I know the part you played in the revolution; the part you played even during the revolution in winning the great West for the republic. I feel that you deserve to be called in a peculiar sense Americans of Americans, and no higher praise than that can be given in our country. I have appreciated greatly the greetings I have received, not merely in South Carolina, but from the representatives of your State who were there also. (Applause.) It has been to me a privilege to meet you. Yesterday I reviewed your National Guard at the Charleston Exposition. It was a pleasure to be able to see them. I have served with some of your men, for some men born in this State were in my regiment. On one occasion I had to choose twenty sharp-shooters, two of them were North Carolinians." (Great applause.)

Here the train started, and the President concluding said: "I thank you and wish you all good luck." (Great applause.)

TO OPERATE IN THE SOUTH.

Union Bleaching and Finishing Company Incorporated—The First Plant to Be Built at Fayetteville, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

UTICA, N. Y., April 10.—The Union Bleaching and Finishing Company, incorporated under the laws of New Jersey, has been organized by the election of the following officers: President, James B Duggan; vice president, B. N. Duke; directors, J. B Duke, Anthony N Brady, Samuel A Beardsley, B. N Duke, Thomas F. Ryan, W. A. Erwin and James B Duggan.

The capital is $2,500,000. The business is to bleach, dye, print and otherwise treat, convert and finish cotton and all the products of cottons, alone and in combination with flax, jute, hemp, wool and any and all other fibrous material, to buy, sell and deal in the same, both direct and in commission and to manufacture all such products into sheets, pillow cases, shirts, pants, women and children's dresses, wrappers, aprons, underclothing, etc.

Plants are to be operated in the South, the first to be built at Fayetteville, N. C.

BRITISH POLICY IN IRELAND.

Suppression of the United Irish League Said to Be Determined Upon.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BELFAST, IRELAND, April 10.—The *Evening Telegraph*, of this city, says it believes Lord Londonderry, the postmaster general and a member of the British cabinet, at a meeting of the Conservative Association of Belfast to-morrow, will announce that the government decided, at Monday's cabinet meeting, on a firmer policy in Ireland, including the suppression of the United Irish League.

DEPEW'S SPEECH IN THE SENATE.

Against the Resolution Providing for the Election of Senators by the People.

THREATEN SOUTHERN STATES

If Resolution is Enacted Demand Will Be Made to Accord All Their Citizens the Right to Vote or Suffer the Loss of Representation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—An effort was made late to-day in the Senate to obtain an agreement upon a time for a vote upon the Chinese Exclusion bill, but it was unsuccessful. The indications now are that the vote will be taken next Tuesday. The measure was under discussion during the entire session to-day, except for about an hour, in which the Postoffice Appropriation bill was considered and passed.

Three speeches were made against the Chinese bill in its present form, Mr. Dillingham, of Vermont, concluding his remarks and Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, and Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, stating their objections to the bill. Mr. Stewart said he would vote for the measure, if it was the best that could be obtained, as he favored the exclusion of Chinese laborers, but he was opposed to many of the provisions of the measure. Senator Hoar with considerable feeling announced his vigorous opposition to the bill, declaring that he never would vote for it.

Early in the session Mr. Depew of New York spoke briefly against the adoption of the resolution providing for the election of Senators by popular vote. In effect he served notice upon those States which had limited their suffrage, that if the resolution was enacted a demand would be made upon them to accord all their citizens the right to vote or suffer a loss of representatives in Congress.

Mr. Depew offered an amendment to the resolution to provide for the election of Senators by popular vote. The amendment was as follows:

"The qualification of citizens entitled to vote for United States Senators and Representatives in Congress shall be uniform in all the States, and Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation and to provide for the registration of citizens entitled to vote, the conduct of such elections and the certificate of the result."

In part, Senator Depew said:

"The amendment under consideration proposes to make the Senate a popular body and reverse the principle upon which the government has existed down to the present time. With the adoption of such an amendment to the constitution, if it is adopted, this addition which I offer to it is the clear and logical sequence.

"A number of States have by various devices prevented a third, or a half or more of citizens, recognized as such by the constitution of the United States, from exercising the right of suffrage. The local reasons which have led to the adoption of these measures are not pertinent to this discussion. The adoption of these new constitutions in several States, however, containing 'grand-father' and other clauses, has led to a movement in the House of Representatives and in the Legislatures of some of the States to change the representation in the House of Representatives from population to voters.

"But if in the election of the United States Senators a small oligarchy in any State can send here a representation equal to that of great States like New York, which have manhood suffrage; if States in which half of the voters are disfranchised are to have an equal voice in this body with States like Pennsylvania of five or ten times their population and with manhood suffrage; if New York, which casts because of its manhood suffrage 1 847,912 votes, is to be neutralized in legislation affecting her vast interests by Mississippi casting 55,000 votes, because the majority of her citizens are disfranchished—then the situation becomes intolerable.

"I am not, under ordinary circumstances, and normal conditions, in favor of the proposed reduction of representatives in the Southern States; I am not in favor of any legislation by the general government which interferes with the local affairs of those commonwealths; but if the door is opened by the adoption of this amendment to the constitution for the changing of the character and constitution of the Senate of the United States, then that measure must necessarily be accompanied by power to insure a full and honest vote of the citizens of the republic and protect this body in the election of those who may be designated here as Senators."

Senator Depew was accorded the profound attention of the Senate as he spoke.

During the consideration of the Postoffice appropriation bill Mr. Tillman (South Carolina) offered an amendment directing the postmaster general to buy metal boxes of uniform size for the use of the patrons of the rural free delivery service, at a cost not exceeding fifty cents each, and to furnish them to the patrons of the service at cost.

The amendment was adopted after a sharp colloquy occurred between Senator Tillman and Senator Bacon. The latter called attention to the fact that the rule requiring Senators to obtain recognition of the chair before addressing the Senate was being violated.

Senator Tillman, evidently irritated, said he had no intention of violating the rules. He was willing to do as others did, but said somewhat tartly: "I want to give notice to the Senator from Georgia that we shall have no special Tillman rule here."

Senator Bacon disclaimed an effort to apply the rule to Senator Tillman, particularly, but insisted that it ought to be observed.

House of Representatives.

The debate upon the Cuban reciprocity bill in the House to-day was devoid of enlivening features. The most notable speech of the day was made by Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio. He not only answered the critics who have charged him with inconsistency by insisting that reciprocity was sound Republican doctrine, but declared that tariff schedules were not sacred, and predicted that the time would come, although it had not yet arrived, when there would be an inexorable demand for revision of the present rates. Mr. Grosvenor warned the Republicans that the present tariff schedules could not exist forever. It was not schedules, he said, but the protective principle for which the party stood. He warned the Republican opponents of the bill not to overturn rulings of the chair and plunge the country into a premature agitation for revision of the tariff.

He told some interesting history of the controversy between Blaine and McKinley over the free admission of sugar in the McKinley bill, Blaine desiring to use the tariff on sugar as a means of promoting reciprocity. McKinley, he said, was also a disciple of reciprocity at that time, but did not agree with Blaine upon the method of protecting sugar, and Mr. Grosvenor said he had himself been present at what might almost be described as an "acrimonious discussion" in the State Department against Blaine.

Referring to the speech of President Roosevelt at Charleston touching on reciprocity he sarcastically wondered at the temerity of the President in making such statements while Republicans of the House were denouncing such sentiments as party disloyalty.

Mr. Thayer, of Massachusetts, took advantage of the latitude allowed in general debate to discuss his resolution which called upon the attorney general for information as to what steps, if any, he had taken to investigate certain published charges of the existence of a meat combination. He read the charges and evidence published in the newspapers and declared that the evidence showed conclusively that the law had been violated.

Mr. Prince, of Illinois, made a strong speech against the Cuban bill. The other speakers were Messrs Lawrence of Massachusetts and Moss of Indiana for the bill and Messrs Weeks of Michigan and Kleberg of Texas against it.

NORTH CAROLINA DAY AT THE EXPOSITION.

Main Features a Parade of the Troops and Naval Reserves—Speeches at the Auditorium—Large Crowd.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 10.—It was North Carolina day in the city and at the Exposition, and no other State except South Carolina has made so large and enthusiastic a showing in its exhibits both of men and manufactured products. The main features of the celebration were a parade of 800 North Carolina troops and a battalion of North Carolina naval reserves, accompanied by the Governors of the Carolinas and their respective staffs.

At the auditorium Director General Averill and Governor McSweeney gave hearty welcome to the visitors and Governor McSweeney expressed the hope that Governor Aycock would go up higher and become a United States Senator.

Governor Aycock's eloquent response awoke great enthusiasm. He referred to the very intimate relations of North Carolina and South Carolina for four years while fighting for the Southern Confederacy, and the present union of the States, pledged to promote the arts of peace and to put the Carolinas in the front rank of commercial and industrial prosperity. The assemblage then dispersed.

ITALY AND SWITZERLAND.

A Rupture of Diplomatic Relations Between the Two Governments.

By Cable to the Morning Star

BERNE, SWITZERLAND, April 10.—Diplomatic relations between Switzerland and Italy have been ruptured. This action arises from the refusal of Switzerland to give satisfaction regarding an article published in Geneva, insulting the memory of the murdered King Humbert.

The article which led to the differences appeared in an Anarchist sheet, published in Geneva. Signor Silvestrelli demanded that the authorities prosecute the paper, but the Swiss government replied that it could not act without a complaint being formally lodged by the Italian government. Italy declined to adopt this course, and the correspondence became acrimonious, leading finally to the rupture of diplomatic relations.

FIRE AT COLUMBUS, GA.

Plant of the Southern Plow Works Burned. Loss About $250,000

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, GA., April 10.—Early to-night fire broke out in the plow shop of the Southern Plow Works and by 11 o'clock two entire blocks were in ashes and another building, a warehouse, was burning rapidly. The loss to the two blocks burned is estimated at over $300 000 and the damage to the warehouse will run the amount up to a quarter of a million.

By 11:30 P. M. the fire was under control. The origin of the fire is unknown. The flames were first discovered in a corner of the plow shops, corner of Front and Dillingham streets and fire spread rapidly southward, sweeping everything in the plow company's shop and the machine and forging departments of the Columbus Iron Works, which occupied the same building, both taking up the entire block.

AUGUSTA, GA., STRIKE.

Is Endorsed by the United Textile Workers of America.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., April 10.—The executive committee of the United Textile Workers of America, at a meeting here to-day, endorsed the strike of the cotton mill operatives of Augusta, Ga., for a ten per cent. increase in wages.

Secretary Albert Hibbert was authorized to go to Augusta and take charge of the strike. He will start Saturday night, but will stop at Washington en route to confer with the officials of the American Federation of Labor. The committee also voted to assess each member of the United Textile Workers five cents per week to aid in conducting the strike.

WARM WIRELETS.

Two new cases of smallpox were discovered by the health authorities in Norfolk, Va., yesterday.

A change for the worse has occurred in the condition of Rev. Dr. T. DeWit Talmage, and the physicians are again very apprehensive of the outcome.

The Senate yesterday passed the House joint resolution granting permission for the erection of a memorial to William E. Shipp on the public grounds in Charlotte, N. C.

Robert J. Wynne, the Washington correspondent of the New York *Press*, has been offered and has accepted the office of first assistant postmaster general. The change will take effect May 1st.

Alberto Santos Dumont, builder and navigator of airships, arrived in New York on the steamship Deutschland. He has come to the United States to discuss plans for an exhibition of aerial navigation with the managers of the St. Louis Exposition.

A dispatch from Shanghai says that allegations of cruelty against Catholic missionaries have caused an anti-foreign outbreak at Ning Po, a city in the province of Che Kiang, where a statement was circulated that some of the missionaries gouged out a boy's eyes.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

BLOODY BATTLE BETWEEN OFFICERS AND OUTLAWS.

Five Men All Members of the Sheriff's Posse Killed—Two Other Persons were Seriously Wounded

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., April 10.—Meagre details of a bloody battle fought between a sheriff's posse and outlaws in Scott county, Va., this afternoon, reached Knoxville to-night by long distance telephone message from Jonesboro, Tenn.

Five men, all members of the sheriff's posse, are reported to have been killed, two other persons wounded and Jim Wright, who escaped from Hancock county, Tenn., where he was wanted upon the charge of murder, was shot and captured. Wright was under a life sentence in the penitentiary for murder and escaped from the State prison at Brushy Mountain two years ago. He retreated to Hancock county recently and there defied the officers, although there was a reward of $500 for his arrest. Not long after his return home Sheriff Lagere, of Hancock county, was shot from ambush and killed. The crime was charged to Jim Wright, John Templeton, another murderer, and the latter's brothers. The motive of the alleged crime was said to be that Lagere had killed the father of the Templetons. Recently, officers have been planning to capture Wright in his home, and he with John Templeton and other associates crossed the State line into Virginia. They have been in Scott county about a month. To-day the sheriff organized a strong posse and attempted to arrest the gang. The men had been notified and a pitched battle resulted, in which five of the sheriff's posse are said to have been killed and two deputy sheriffs, Joe Moss and Sam Wax, wounded. Wright was wounded and captured, but the others who were with him escaped. They are being pursued, but the mountains of the country afford them many chances of escape.

The presidental party left Summerville, S. C., at 2.22 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Washington, where the train is due to arrive early this morning.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Car Load of extra fine bananas just arrived and will be sold this week at quick-rate prices. They are from 30 cents to $1.5 per bunch. A. E. Winstead, No. 219 Market street. ap 9 tf

Wanted—Old Pianos and Organs in exchange for brand new instruments. A wholecarload just received from factory for sale at factory prices and upon the lowest instalments known. Let us call and examine your old instrument. We can get you all value for it. Parties wanting second-hand pianos at great bargains do well to call and look over our stock which is the largest in the State. The Smith Music Co., corner Front and Ann streets. Bell 'Phone 72. ap 5 tf

Business college—A business education is the keynote of success. Under bookkeeping, higher arithmetic, penmanship, shorthand, typewriting, etc., at the Howell Commercial School, 19 Orange street. Special terms for next few weeks. ap 2 tf

Fine Lot of celery for Easter, fresh and crisp. Also fresh lot Eggs and Country Sausage. The store of the place. J. K. Westbrook, next to nulsery corner, Market street. mar 9 tf

For Sale or Rent—Numbers 304 and 306 South Front street; also will sell one vacant lot fronting 50 feet on Front street adjoining the last. For particulars apply to F. A. Lord. mch 26 tf

Second-Hand Organ just like new for sale cheap; also, party leaving town wants to sell fine Upright Piano at a bargain. Warerooms corner Front and Ann streets. feb 2 tf

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

Spring Sarsaparilla-Hardin.

The linking of the last three words so that the first immediately suggests the other to the public is due mainly to the fact that we have been furnishing for the past ten years the very best Sarsaparilla made. Spring is here and now is the time to get straightened for Summer. Hardin's Sarsaparilla will do it. You can get it for 75c per bottle or three bottles for $2.

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

Both 'Phones 55. 126 South Front Street. ap 9 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

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DIRECTORS:

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Initiation fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share. The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President.

NEWS AND OPINIONS of National Importance.

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jan 31 tf

The Public

Is respectfully reminded of the fact that since

THE INDEPENDENT ICE CO.

Placed its product on the market the price of ICE has declined from

Twenty to Thirty per Cent.

The only comment now in order is that the public kindly remember us.

THE INDEPENDENT ICE COMPANY.

BELL 'PHONE 68. INTER-STATE 197.

ap 1 tf

ICE, ICE

We are making and delivering as PURE CRYSTAL ICE as is made anywhere. Ice that will last twenty five per cent. longer than ours is worthless for the reason that it never would melt.

There is no better Ice produced in the State than we make, and none frozen at as low a temperature.

25	10-Pound Tickets	for	$1.00		
12	25	"	"	"	1 05
6	50	"	"	"	1 05
4	100	"	"	"	1.00
Per Block of 300 lbs			"	70c	per Block.
1,000 to 2,000 Pounds			"	20c	" 100 lbs

We are prepared to furnish any quantity of first class Bituminous Coal. We can supply you with lump Coal at $4.00 per ton in one ton lots.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

mar 30 tf

NOTICE

Our Stock of

Summer Foot Wear

is now open for inspection. EVERYTHING NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.

This is the place.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.'S,

Fourth and Campbell Streets

ap 1 tf

Just Arrived To-day

Car Load Fine Kentucky Well Broken

Horses and Mules.

Among them several city broken saddlers and drivers. Finest lot ever brought to the city. Prices right.

J. C. BLACKLEY

mar 28 tf 208 and 210 Market Street.

We Certainly Have

the snappiest, most graceful, good wearing lot of

Low Cuts ever brought to this city.

Ladies' Low Cuts from 50c to $3.00.

SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.

ap 6 tf

Farming Operations

Will soon be in full swing, and we call attention to our immense stock of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Which we are selling at prices that must attract the attention of buyers.

When it comes to our great stock of

Hardware, Tinware, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition, &c.,

we have not space to go into details; but you are invited to call and make personal examination.

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

ORTON BUILDING.

mar 19 tf

Pure Bran.

WE OFFER.

516 Bags Wheat Bran.

$1 10 Cash, 100 pounds to bag.

W. B. COOPER,

Progressive Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C

mar 30 tf

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,

New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.

Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

ap 28 tf

NEVER MIND

The fake close out sales; they don't hurt me and won't hurt you provided you see me before you "bite" at bargains. I have no shoddy goods but will sell you honest made goods that will be a treat to wear at the same price you are asked to pay for shoddy bargains.

N. F. PARKER,

FURNITURE AND FURNISHING NOVELTIES.

Bell 'Phone 213 111 Market Street, Inter-State 221.

apr 6 tf

Summer School for Teachers,

University of North Carolina. Ninth Session June 18-July 5; 20 instructors; 3,500 Teachers have attended in the past. Expenses Low. Address, F. P. VENABLE, President, Chapel Hill, N. C.